

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

Notification No. CSR/55/2025

It is notified for information of all concerned that in terms of the provisions of Section 54 of the Calcutta University Act, 1979, (as amended), and, in the exercise of her powers under 9(6) of the said Act, the Vice-Chancellor has, by an order dated 08.08.2025 approved the new revised Course structure (semester-1 to 8) and revised syllabus (semester 1 to 6) including Course Outcomes of B.B.A. after incorporating some amendments in the CSR/31/2025, dt.26.05.2025 under CCF.

The Syllabus for Semester- 1 to 4, published under earlier notification (CSR/31/2025, dt.26.05.2025) remains unchanged.

The new Course Structure for semester- 5 to 6 and syllabus for semester-5 to 6 are applicable for B.B.A. (4-year Honours and Honours with Research) Courses of Studies which was introduced from the academic session 2023-2024 and onwards.

The new Course Structure and Syllabus for semester-1 to 4 shall be applicable for the students who took admission in the academic session 2024-2025 & thereafter. It shall not be applicable for the earlier Session.

SENATE HOUSE

Prof.(Dr.) Debasis Das

Kolkata-700073

Registrar

18.08.2025

Revised Course Structure in Bachelors in Business Administration (Honours) under Curriculum and Credit Framework(CCF,2022) Outline w.e.f. 2024-2025AcademicSession.

	uu	SEM-1	Bession.	
Paper	Course	Name of the Paper		FULL MARKS
BBAA101CC1	Core	Principles of Management & Organizational Behaviour	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA102M1	Minor	Business Ethics	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA103MD1	Multi DisciCourse	Financial Institutions and Markets	2TH+1TU	75
BBAA104AEC1	Ability Enhance. Course	BusinessCommunication	2TH	50
BBAA105SEC1	SkillEnhancemet Course	Information Technology In Business	2TH+2PR	100
BBAA106VA1	ValueAdded Course	EnvironmentalStudies-1(compulsory)videCSR /17/2023dt-20.7.2023	2TH	50
BBAA107VA2	Value Added Course	ConstitutionalValues(compulsory)CSR /17/2023dt-20.7.2023	2TH	50
		SEM-2		
Paper	Course		Credit	FULL MARKS
BBAA201CC2	Core	Statistics for Business Decisions	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA202M2	Minor	Micro Economics	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA203MD2	MultiDisciplinary Course	Entrepreneurship Development-Theory and Practices	2TH+1TU	75
BBAA204AEC2	•	Case Analysis, Copy Writing and Content Writing in English	2TH	50
BBAA205SEC2	SkillEnhancement Course	Digital Empowerment/AI CSR/36/2023dt08.09.2023	3TH+1PR	100
BBAA206VA3		CSR/35/2024dt24.06.2024 EnvironmentalStudies-2(compulsory)CSR /17/2023dt-20.7.2023	2TH	50
BBAA207VA4		One from pool of six subjects as per CSR/40/2023,dt 16.10.23	2TH	50

SEM-3

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Paper	Course	Name of thePaper	Credit	Pg.no.
BBAA301CC3	Core	Fundamentals of Financial Accounting	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA302CC4	Core	Cost Accounting	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA303M3	Minor	Banking Theories and Practices.	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA304MD3	MultiDisciplinary	India's Diversity and Business	2TH+1T	75
	Course		U	
BBAA305AEC3	AbilityEnhancem	MIL-1(Common for all UG programmes)	2TH	50
	entCourse			
BBAA306SEC3	SkillEnhancemen	Accounting Software/Statistical Software	4PR	100
	tCourse			

		SEM-4		
BBAA401CC5	Core	Financia IManagement	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA402CC6	Core	Human Resource Management	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA403CC7	Core	Production and Operations Management	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA404CC8	Core	Marketing Management	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA405M4	Minor	Global Business Environment	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA406AEC4		MIL-2 (Common for all UG programmes)	2TH	50
	entCourse	CENA E		
	,	<u>SEM-5</u>		
BBAA501CC9	Core	Quantitative Techniques in Management	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA502CC10	Core	Micro Economics (for the Academic session 2023-2024)	3TH+1TU	100
		Or Macro Economics(for the Academic session 2024-2025)		
BBAA503CC11/	Core	CorporateAccounting/Strategic Management & IMC/	3TH+1TU	100
F/M/H		Strategic Human Resource Management		
BBAA504CC12/ F/M/H	Core	AuditandAssurance/Green Marketing and Sustainable Branding/HR Accounting and Audit	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA505M5	Minor	ResearchMethodology-I	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA506M6	Minor	International Joint Ventures & Acquisitions	3TH+1TU	100
		<u>SEM-6</u>		
BBAA601CC13	Core	Legal Aspects of Business	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA602CC14/	Core	Management Accounting /Sales and Distribution	3TH+1TU	100
F/M/H	Corc	Management/ Labour Economics		
BBAA603CC15/	Core	TaxPlanning/Industrial Marketing/Talent Management	3TH+1TU	100
F/M/H		and Employer Branding		
BBAA604M7	Minor	Human Rights and Practices	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA605M8	Minor	DigitalBusiness	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA606SI		Summer Internship*(Internal and external from colleges only)	3PR	75
		<u>SEM-7</u>	•	
BBAA701CC16	Core	International Trade Policy and Strategy	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA702CC17	Core	Corporate Social Responsibility: Policy and Practice	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA703CC18	Core	Managerial Economics	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA704CC19	Core	Customer Relationship Management	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA705DSC	Core	Research Methodology-II	3TH=1TU	100
OR		OR DSC1A/2A/3AORDSC1A/2A/3A		
BBAA705DSC1A		, ,		
/2A/3A		6534.0		
		<u>SEM-8</u>	2001 4001	100
BBAA801CC20	Core	Database Management: Concepts, Theory and Practices	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA802CC21	Core	Public Relations-ConceptandPractices	3TH+1TU	100
BBAA803CC22	Core	Research Internship/ International Business	3PR+1 Viva/ 3TH+ 1TU	100
(BBAA804 DSC	Core	Research Project (5000words)	6 +2Viva	150+50
&BBAA805DSC)		and VIVA	Or	or
OR		ORDSC1B&1C/2B&2C/3B&3C	4 +4	100+100
(BBAA804DSC1 B/2B/3B				
And				
BBAA805DSC1C				
/2C/3C)				
**				
TOTAL 4300	MARKS AND 1'	72 CREDIT		

DSC-1(Finance)	DSC-2(Marketing)	DSC-3(HumanResource)	
A.Strategic CorporateFinance	A. Consumer Behaviour	A .HRD: Systems &	
(BBAA706 DSC 1 A)	(BBAA706 DSC 1 B)	Strategies (BBAA706DSC	
		1C)	
B. Investment Analysis and	B. Advertising and Brand	B. Management of	
Portfolio Management (BBAA	Management (BBAA 804	Industrial Relations	
804 DSC 2 A)	DSC2B)	(BBAA 804 DSC2C)	
C. Investment Banking and	C.MarketingofServices	C Performance and	
Financial Services (BBAA 805	(BBAA 805 DSC 3B)	Compensation	
DSC3 A)		Management(BBAA 805	
		DSC 3C)	

^{*}Students may opt for a Summer Internship in Sem-2/4/6.Summer Internship will have two components of marking/evaluations (i) Viva-voce of 1Credit(25 marks) and (ii) report writing of 2 Credit(50 marks). The award slip be joint average marking of both internal and external and joint signature.

^{**}ResearchandDissertation (1x8)=8(1creditis25marks)i.e. 25x8=200

^{***}Semester Workload/credit defined in terms of hours Semester Work-load= 15 weeks duration 4 credit course = 60 hours (45 hours of lecture and 15 hours tutorial) proportionate allotment be made for 3 credit course = 45 hours (Approx- 34 hours lecture and 11 hours tutorial) 2 credit course = 30 hours (Approx- 22 hours lectureand 08 hours tutorial).

Revised Syllabus (Semester 1 to 5) in Bachelors in Business Administration (Honours) (BBA) under Curriculum and Credit Framework (CCF, 2022)w.e.f. 2024-2025 Academic Session.

BBAA101CC1: Principles of Management & Organizational Behaviour

Credits:4--Marks100

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (3 Th+1TU): 100 marks

Course Objective: To acquaint the students with the fundamentals of managingbusiness and to understand individual and group behavior at the workplace to improve organizational effectiveness.

Course Contents: Unit-I Basic forms of Business Ownership; Special forms of ownership, Franchising, Licensing, Leasing, choosing a form of Business ownership. Corporate Expansion: Merger and acquisition, diversification, forward and back-wood integration, Joint venture, Strategic alliance. Evolution of Management Theory. Managerial functions and Roles. Insights from Indian practices and ethos. Managerial functions and Roles. Insights from Indian practices and ethos.

Unit2:OverviewofPlanning::TypesofPlans&TheplanningprocessDecisionmaking; Process, Types Control; Principles of organizing. Common organizational structure. Delegation & Decentralization: Factors affecting the extent of decentralization. Process andPrinciplesofdelegation,coordination&communication.Differentfunctionalareasof Management, Teams & Groups.

Unit 3: Importance of Organizational Behaviour; Perception and Attribution; Motivation; Leadership. Perception and Attribution: Concept, Nature, Process, Personality: Trait Theory Learning: Concept. Motivation: Concepts and their application, Need, Content & Process theories, Contemporary Leadershipissues: Charismatic, TransformationTransitional Leadership. Managerial Grid. Readings:

- 1. Gilbert: Principles of Management, McGrawHill.
- 2. Greenberg Jerald and Baron Robert. A.: Behaviour in Organisations: Understanding and Managing the Human Side of Work, Prenti
- 3. KaulVijayKumar, Business Organisation & Management-TextandCases, Pearson.4. Kaul, Vijay Kumar, Management-Text & Cases, Vikas Publication.
- 5. Kavita Singh: Organizational Behaviour, Vikas Publication.
- 6. Koontz & Heinz Weihrich: Essential of Management, McGrawHill.
- 7.Luthans Fred: Organisational Behaviour, TataMcGrawHill.
- 8.McShaneL.Steven,GlinowMaryAnnVon&SharmaRadhaR.—OrganisationalBehaviour; Tata McGraw Hill.
- 9.Newstrom John W.: Organisational Behaviour, Tata McGraw Hill.10.RichardL.Daft:Principles of Management, Cengage LearningI ndia.11.RobbinsStephenP:OrganisationalBehaviour,Pearson.
- 12.StephenP. Robbins & Mary Coulter: Management, Pearson. 13.Stoner&Wankel:Management,PrenticeHallofIndia.14.Y.K.Bhushan:Fundamentalsof Business Organisation & Management, Sultan Chand & Sons.
- 15. Navin Mathur, Management Gurus, National Publishing House, New Delhi

BBAA102M1BusinessEthics.Credits-4Marks-100

Course Objective: The objective of this paper is to make the students more clear about the importance of ethics in business and practices of good corporate governance. It also talks about the corporate social responsibility.

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (3 Th+

1TU): 100 marks

CourseContents:

Unit-1: Business Ethics: Meaning of ethics, why ethical problems occur in business. Ethical principles in business: Teleological and Deontological Theories of ethical reasoning; ethics of care, Integrating utility, rights, justice and caring; Virtue ethics, Ethical issuesin business: Worker's and employee's rights and responsibilities, Profit maximization vs. Social responsibility.

Unit2:

Corporategovernance:concept,Needtoimprovecorporategovernancestandards,Features of good governance, Role played by regulators to improve corporate governance, accounting's and and corporate governance,corporatedisclosure,insider trading;The Board— Quality, Composition and role of Board, Outside Director son the board(independent, nominee), Executive and Non-Executive directors, SEBI clause-49, directors and financial institutions in enhancing corporate governance, critical issues in governance of board directors, CEO Duality.

Unit3:

Role of auditors in enhancing corporate governance, duties and responsibilities of auditors, corporate governance and internal auditors, Whistle blowing: Kinds of whistle blowing, precluding the need for whistle blowing. Discrimination, affirmative action, and reverse discrimination: Equal employment opportunity, Affirmative action, Preferential hiring, And Corporate social responsibility: Meaning, Evolution of corporate social responsibility, common indicators for measuring business social performance, reporting social responsibility measures in annual report.

Readings:

- 1. Manuel GV elasquez: Business ethics-concepts and cases Pearson.
- 2. Luthans Hodgetts and Thompson: Social issuesinbusiness,

Macmillan USA

- 3. A.C.Fernando: BusinessEthicsPearsonEducation.
- 4.A.C.Fernando: CorporateGovernancePearsonEducation.
- 5. AdrianDavies: Strategic approach to corporate governance Gower Pub Co.
- 6. N.Gopalswamy: Corporate governance a new paradigm AHWheeler Publishing Co Ltd.
- 7. Marianne M Jennings: Cases in Business Ethics Indian South- Western College Publishing
- 8. KevinGibson:EthicsandBusiness,AnIntroduction,CambridgeAppliedEthicsCambridgeUniversity Press
- 9. Bhanumurthy KV: Ethics and Social Responsibility of Business, Pearson Education India.

BBAA103MD1FINANCIALINSTITUTIONSANDMARKETS Credits-3

Marks-75

Course Objective: The objective of this paper is to introduce students to the different aspects and components of financial Institutions and financial markets. This will enable them to take the rational decision in financial environment. SemesterendExamination(Credit2):50marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (2 Th+1TU):75 marks

Course Content:

Unit I:Introduction to Financial Markets in India: Role and Importance of Financial Markets, Financial Markets: Money Market; Capital Market; Factors affecting Financial Markets, Linkages Between Economy and Financial Markets, Integration of Indian Financial Markets with Global Financial Markets, Primary & secondary market, Currency Market, Debt Market- role and functions of these markets. Primary Market for Corporate Securities in India: Issue of Corporate Securities: Public Issue through Prospectus, Green shoe option, Offer for sale, Private Placement, Rights Issue, On-Line IPO, Book Building of Shares, Disinvestment of PSU, Employees Stock Options, Preferential Issue of Shares, Venture Capital, Private Equity, Performance of Primary Market in India, Corporate Listings: Listing and Delisting of Corporate Stocks.

Unit II: Secondary Market in India: Introduction to Stock Markets, Regional and Modern Stock Exchanges, International Stock Exchanges, Demutualization of exchanges, Comparison between NSE and BSE, Raising of funds in International Markets: ADRs and GDRs, FCCB and Euro Issues; Indian Stock Indices and their construction, maintenance, adjustment for corporate actions (rights, bonus andstock split;) on index with numerical, free float vs. full float methodology, Classification of Securities to be included in the Index, Bulls and Bears in Stock Markets, Factorsinfluencing themovement of stock markets, indicatorsof maturity of stock markets, Major Instruments

Unit III: Traded in stock markets: Equity Shares, Debentures, Trading of securities on a stock exchange; Selection of broker, capital and margin requirements of a broker, MTM and VAR Margins, kinds of brokers, opening of an account to tradein securities, DEMAT System, placing an order for purchase/sale of shares, margin trading and margin adjustment, contract note and settlement of contracts, Algorithmic trading, Settlement mechanism at BSE & NSE

- 1. Saunders, Anthony & Cornett, Marcia Millon (2007). Financial Markets and Institutions (3rd ed.). Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Khan, MY. (2010). Financial Services (5thed.). McGraw Hill Higher Education
- 3. Shahani,Rakesh(2011).FinancialMarketsinIndia:AResearchInitiative.AnamicaPublications4.Goel, Sandeep. (2012). Financial services. PHI.
- 5. Gurusamy, S. (2010). Financial Services. TMH.

BBAA104AEC1BusinessCommunication

Credits-2 Marks-50

Course Objectives: Foundational Understanding: Comprehend the core principles, processes, and significance of effective business communication. Analyze communication models, Technical Proficiency:Master modern communication tools and their applications in professional settings. Develop skills in drafting technical and official documents professional Writing & Etiquette: Apply meeting etiquette, minute-taking, and resolution drafing in business contexts.

Unit1:Introduction Objectives, significance, components, procedure, formats, frameworks, principlesofproficientcommunication, obstaclestocommunication and corrective actions, role of communication in resolving conflicts. Formal and informal correspondence, Grapevine, Attributes of corporate communication, Communication network..

Unit2:Tools of Communication

Emergence of communication technology, Modern Forms of communication, Fax, Email, Video Conferencing, English for Special and Technical Purpose Official letter, Paragraph writing, Note-making, Topic Sentence. Telephonic Conversation, Group Discussion regarding job interview.

Unit3:DraftingBusinessMeetings,MeetingEtiquettes,Notice,Circular,Resolutionandmin utes, Businessletterwriting-Offerletter,Quotation,Statusenquiry,Confirmation,Execution, Refusal

and cancellation of order, Recommendation, Credit collection, Claim, Bankloan. C.V. Writing. Scientific and technical subjects, Formal and informal writings Reports, handbooks, manuals, letters, memorandum.

SuggestedReadings•

- Anjanee, S.& BhavanaAdhikari,BusinessCommunication,TMH
- Chaturvedi&Chaturvedi,BusinessCommunication:Concepts,CasesandApplications, Pearson
- M.K. Shegal & Vandana Khetarpal, Business Communication, Excel Books
- R.K. Madhukar, Business Communication, Vikash Publishing House Pvt.Ltd.
- Rao, Kumar & Bindu, Business Communication, Cengage
- Khanna, Puja., Business Communication, Vikash
- Raman&Sharma, Technical Communication, Oxford
- Lesikar, Flatleyetal, Business Communication, McGraw Hill

BBAA105SEC1Information Technology inBusiness

Credits-4 Marks-100

Theory: Module-I

Course Objective::To understand how IT impacts business operations, including data processing, communication, and decision-making. Various information systems, and their implementation at different managerial levels. To cover data organization, database management systems, and the concepts of data warehouses and big data analysis. Additionally, internettechnologies, security measures, encryption techniques,

and the importance of cyber security in business.IT Act 2000 and provide insights into cyber crimes and legal frameworks related to information technology.

Unit1:InformationTechnologyandBusinessConceptsofdata,informationandcomputerbase dinformationsystem,impactofinformationtechnologyonbusiness [business data processing, Infra-organizational and inter-organizational communication byusingnetworktechnology,businessprocessoutsourcingandknowledgeprocess outsourcing ,types of Information System- Transaction Processing System (TPS),Management Information System(MIS),Decision SupportSystem (DSS), Knowledge ManagementSystem (KMS)andthe implementationatmanagerial levels perceptional, tactical and strategic.

Unit2: Data Organization and Data Base Management System

- (a) Data Organization: Character, field, record, file and database, types of dataprocessing systems [Serial, Batch, Real-time, Online, Centralized, Distributed], File Organizations [Sequential, Direct, Indexed-Sequential, Relative], Traditional file organization vs. Data base file organisation.
- (b) Database Management System: Concept of database management system (DBMS), definition, importance of DBMS, important terms of database [Entity, Attribute, Keys-Primary, Foreign and Candidate, Referential Integrity, Table, Views, Data Dictionary], types of database [Hierarchical, Network and Relational], basicideasofData Warehouse and Data Mining (definition, importance, advantages and disadvantages), Big data analysis-Concept.

Unit3:InternetandIts Applications

MeaningofInternet,IPAddress[IPv4,IPv6],URL,DomainNameSystem,InternetProtocol/IP,UDP,FTP,TELNET[briefideasonly],HTML,DHTMLANDXML[Concepts only],Ethical Hacking, Cloud Computing, Mobile Computing, Internet of Things, Ethical issues in Social Networking.

Unit4:SecurityandEncryption

Need and concepts, dimension, definition and scope of e-security, security threats-Malicious Codes (Virus, Trozan Horse, Worm,Spy ware, Ransomware), Hacking, Spoofing, Sniffing, Phishing, Spam ming, Denial of Service (DoS) attacks, Technology solutions [Confidentiality: (Data Encryption& Decryption, Symmetric and asymmetric encryption), Security Implementation: Firewall, DMZ (De Militarized Zone), SSL, HTTPs, Significance of Website Auditing].

Unit5: ITAct.2000andCyberCrimes

IT Act 2000-Definitions of different terms, Digital signature, Electronic Governance, Attribution, Acknowledgement and Dispatch of Electronic Records, Regulation of Certifying Authorities, Digital Signatures Certificates, Duties of Subscribers, Penalties and Adjudication, Appellate Tribunal, Offences and Cyber-crimes

ModuleII

Information Technology in Business(Practical)Marks--50

Unit 1:Word Processing Working with word document-Editing text, Find and Replace text, Formatting, Spell check, Auto-correct, Auto text; Bullets and numbering, Tabs, Paragraph Formatting, Indent, Page Formatting, Header and footer, Macros, Dropcap; Tables:Inserting, Filling and formatting a Table, Inserting Pictures and Video; Mail Mergeincluding linking with Database, Printing documents.

Unit2: Preparing Presentations

Basics of presentations: Slides, Fonts, Drawing, Editing; Inserting: Tables, Images,texts, Symbols, Media; Design; Transition; Animation, Hyperlink and Slides how. Creating Business Presentations using above facilities.

Unit3:SpreadsheetanditsBusiness Applications

Managing works heets-Formatting, Entering data, Editing, and Printing a worksheet; formula, Project involving Handling operators n multiple spreadsheets, OrganizingCharts and graphs, PivotTable. Spread sheet Functions: Mathematical [SUMIF, SQRT, SUBTOTAL, SUMPRODUCT etc.], Statistical [AVERAGE, STDEV, VAR, CORRELATION, REGRESSIONetc.], Financial [PMT, RATE, PV, FV, NPER, IRR, NPV, Data Table Etc.] Logical [AND, OR, IF etc.], Date and Time, lookup andreference, Database and Text functions. Creating Spread sheet in the area of: Loan and Lease statement; Ratio Analysis; Payroll Statements; Depreciation Accounting; Graphical Representation of Data; Frequency Distribution and its Statistical Parameters; Correlation and Regression.

Unit4: Database Management System

Creation of Tables, Multiple Table Handling- Defining Relationship [Foreign Key], Simple and Conditional Queries, Types of Queries [Update, Delete, Ap pend], Forms, Reports, Introduction to SQL through Basic Commands.

SuggestedReadings

- 1. □Thareja,IT&Application,Oxford
- 2. □ Aurora, Computer Fundamentals, Vikash
- 3.

 □Sinha&Sinha,FundamentalsofComputers,BPBPublications
- 4. Dhar,P.,FundamentalofITandItsApplicationinBusiness,APH

BBAA201CC2StatisticsforBusinessDecisions

Credits-4 Marks-100

Course Objective: To familiarize the students with various Statistical Data Analysis tools that can be used for effective decision making. Emphasis will be on the application of the concepts learn.

Coursecontents:

Unit1: Definition of Statistics; Importance and scope of Mathematics and Statistics in business decisions; Limitations. Primary and Secondary data; Methods of datacollection; Tabulation of data; Graphs and charts; Frequency distributions; Diagrammatic presentation of frequency distributions.

Unit2:MeasuresofCentralValue:Characteristicsofanidealmeasure;MeasuresofCentralTende ncy-mean,median,mode,harmonicmeanandgeometricmean.Merits,Limitationsand Suitabilityofaverages.Relationshipbetweenaverages.MeasuresofDispersion:

MeaningandSignificance.AbsoluteandRelativemeasuresofdispersion-

Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Coefficient of Variation, Moments, Skewness, Kurtosis.

Unit3: Correlation Analysis: Meaning and significance. Correlation and Causation, Types of correlation. Methods of studying simple correlation - Scatter diagram, Karl Pearson'scoefficientofcorrelation, Superman's Rank correlation coefficient, Regression vs. Correlation. Linear Regression, Regressionlines (Xon Y, Yon X).

Unit-4: Analysis of Time Series: Meaning and significance. Utility, Components of time series, Models (Additive and Multiplicative), Measurement of trend: Method of least squares, Parabolic trend and logarithmic trend.

Readings:

1.S.P.Gupta(S.P.):StatisticalMethods, Sultan Chand& Sons, 34th Edition.

2.Richard Levin & David Rubin: Statistics for management, Prentice Hall. Anderson, Sweeny & Williams: Statistics for Business and Economics, South Western

Micro Economic BBAA202M2

Credits-4Marks-100

Course Objective: The purpose of this course is to apply micro economic concepts and techniques in evaluating business decisions taken by firms. The emphasis is on explaining how tools of standard price theory can be employed to formulate a decision problem, evaluate alternative courses of action and finally choose among alternatives. Simple geometry and basic concepts of mathematics will be used in the course of teaching.

Course Contents

Unit1:

Demand, Supply and Market equilibrium: individual demand, market demand,individual supply, marketsupply, marketequilibrium; Elasticity's ofdemand and supply

: Price elasticity of demand, income elasticity of demand, cross price elasticity of demand, elasticity of supply;

Unit2:

Theory of consumer behavior: cardinal utility theory, ordinal utility theory(indifference curves, budget line, consumer choice, price effect, substitution effect, income effect for normal, inferior and Geffen goods), revealed preference theory.

Unit 3: Theory of Production and Cost: Factor of Production, Concept of total product, average product, and Marginal product, Law of Variable proportion, Concepts of Isoquant and Isocost.

Factor market: demand for a factor by a firm under marginal productivity theory (perfect competition in the product market, monopoly in the product market), market demand for a factor, supply of labour, market supply of labour, factor market equilibrium. Theory of cost (short run and long run, geometry of cost curves, envelope curves), modern theory of cost (short run and long run), economies of scale, economies of scope.

Unit4:

Theory of firm and market organization: perfect competition (basic features, short run equilibrium of firm/industry, long run equilibrium of firm/industry, effect of changes in demand, cost and imposition of taxes); monopoly (basic features, short run equilibrium, long run equilibrium, effect of changes in demand, cost and imposition of taxes, comparison with perfect competition, welfare cost of monopoly), price discrimination, Multiplan monopoly; monopolistic competition (basic features, demand and cost, short run equilibrium, long run equilibrium, excess capacity), oligopoly (Carnot's model, kinked demand curve model, dominant price leadership model, prisoner's dilemma).

Readings:

- 1. Dominick Salvatore (2009). Principles of Microeconomics (5thed.) Oxford University Press
- 2. Lipsey and Chrystal. (2008). Economics. (11thed.) Oxford University Press 3. Koutosyannis (1979). Modern Micro Economics. Palgrave Macmillan 4. Pindyck, Rubinfeld and Mehta. (2009). Micro Economics. (7thed.). Pearson.
- *5.MarkHershey,ManagerialEconomics

BBAA203MD2ENTREPRENEURSHIPDEVELOPMENT-Theory&Practice

Credits-3 Marks-75

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ourseObjective: This course provides students with a solid introduction to the entrepreneurial process of creating new businesses, role of Creativity and innovation in Entrepreneurial start-ups, manage family- own ed companies, context of social innovation and social entrepreneurs hipandissues and practices of financing entrepreneurial businesses.

UNIT-1ENTREPRENEURIALMANAGEMENT

The evolution of the concept of entrepreneurship, John Kao's Model on Entrepreneurship, Idea Generation, Identifying opportunities and Evaluation; Buildingthe Team/ Leadership; Harvesting and Exit Strategies; Corporate Entrepreneurship/Intrapreneur, Risk Analysis.

UNIT-2ENTREPRENEURSHIP, CREATIVITY AND INNOVATION

Innovation, Creativity; Creative Teams; Sources of Innovation in Business; Managing Organizations for Innovation and Positive Creativity.

UNIT-3FINANCINGTHEENTREPRENEURIALBUSINESS

Arrangement of funds; Traditional sources of financing, Loan syndication, Consortium Finance. Loan application process, Venture capital

UNIT-4EMERGINGISSUESINSTARTUPININDIA

Concept of Start up. Defer & mechanisms of start up as GOI initiatives. Role of start up in business environment.

Suggested Readings

- 1.Drucker, P.F. (2006). Innovation and entrepreneurship: Practice and principles. USA: Elsevier.
- 2.Holt, D.H. (2004). Entrepreneurship newventure creation. New Delhi: Prentice Hallof India.
- 3. Kaplan, J. (2004). Patterns of entrepreneurship. Wiley.
- 4.Prahalad, C.K. (2006). Fortune at the bottom of the pyramid, eradicating poverty through profit s. Wharton school Publishing.

Case Analysis, Copywriting and Content Writing in English(Code:BBAA204AEC2) Credit: 2Marks:50

Objective: The course delves into developing a base of knowledge about cases,, followed by persuasive case-based essays. Further the course is intended to develop the knowledge regarding copywriting and content writing)

- 1. Case Analysis,: What is a case? The ways to recognize a 'Decision Scenario', 'Evaluation Scenario', 'Problem-Diagnosis Scenario'. How to analyse 'DecisionScenario', 'Evaluation Scenario', 'Problem- Diagnosis Scenario'. How to write 'Case Based Essays', 'Decision Scenario Essays', 'Evaluation Scenario Essays' and ' Problem-Diagnosis Scenario'. 16 hours
- 2. Copy Writing: Pre-requisites to copy writing. Writing the 'Headline' for print and the web. Writing the Body Copy for Web and print. Length of the Copy, Layout of the copy for the web and the print. (8 hours)

3. Content Writing: Research on the issue/topic/business problem. Literature reviews,. Drawing on the contemporary position. Content analysis of the interviews of opinionated persons and authorities on the issue/topic/business problem. Synthesizing all the above. (6 hours)

Books:

- 1) The Case Study Handbook; Student's Guide, William Ellet, HBR Press.
- 2) Howtowritea Good Advertisement? Victor OSchweb
- 3) Making Ads Pay: Timeless Tipsor Successful Copywriter, John Caples, Dover Books.
- 4) Howtowrite better copy? Steve Harrison, Bluebird Books.
- 5) AllaboutContentWriting, SujeetGovindani.

DigitalEmpowermentBBAA205SEC2

Credits-4Marks-100

Course Objective: This course aims to develop students' skills and understanding of digital technologies, focusing on their effective and responsible use in various aspects of life. Students will learn essential digital literacy skills, online communication, digital security, ethical considerations and some of the disruptive technologies of the digital world.

LearningObjectives:TheLearningObjectivesofthiscourseareasfollows:

Understand the fundamentals of digital technologies and their impact on society. Enhance online communication and collaboration skills. Promote digital citizenship and responsible online behavior. Gain awareness of digital security risks and implement best practices. Explore ethical considerations in the use of digital technologies.

Learningoutcomes

The Learning Outcomes of this course areas follows: Use ICT and digital services in daily life. Develop skills to communicate and collaborate in cyberspace using social platforms, teaching/learningtools. Understandthesignificance of security and privacy in the digital world. Evaluate ethical issues in the cyber world

UNIT-I Digital Literacyand Digital Empowerment (6 Hours)

Definition of Digital Literacy. Current Trends of Digital Technology □ Evaluating the credibility of online information □ Copyright and plagiar is mawareness □ Imp application of our country Digi Locker, E-Hospitals, e- Pathshala, SHIM, e-Kranti
(Electronic Delivery of Services), e-Health Campaigns
UNIT-II Online Communication and Collaboration (6Hours)
□Electronic Communication: electronic mail, biogs, social media □CollaborativeDigitalplatforms □Tools/platformsforonlinelearning □Collaborationusingfilesharing,messaging,videoconferencing
UNIT-IllDigital Security (6Hours)
□Online securityand privacy □Threatsinthedigitalworld:DatabreachandCyberAttacks □BlockchainTechnology □SecurityInitiativesbytheGovtofIndia

UNIT-IV Digital Citizenship a n d Ethics (6 h o u r s)

- •Responsibleonlinebehavioranddigital etiquette
- •Understandingonlinecommunitiesandtheirnorm
- •Ethicalconsiderationsindigitaltechnologyusage

Unit-VEmerging Technology (6Hours)

- •Exploring emerging technology and it's impact
- •AlandMachine Learning
- •IOTandConnectedDevices Books

□ Understanding Digital Literacies: A Practical Introduction, by Rodney H. Jones (Author), Christoph A. Hafner (Author)

or

BBAA205SEC2:AI

Credits--4 Marks-100

This course aims to introduce the fundamental concepts of artificial intelligence (AI) to individuals from all academic backgrounds. Participants will develop a broad understanding of AI technologies, their implications, and their potential applications in various fields. The course will emphasize practical examples and real-world case studies to facilitate comprehension and inspire innovative thinking.

Course Objectives: Understand the basics of artificial intelligence and its sub-fields. Explore real-world applications of AI across different industries. Gain insights into the ethical, social, and economic implications of AI. Developan appreciation for the potential of AI to drive innovation and transformation.

Course Outcome: Define and explain the fundamental concepts and sub fields of AI. Identifyreal-worldapplicationsofAIacrossvariousindustries. Analyze the ethical, social, and economic implications of AI. Recognize the potential of AI to drive innovation and transformation in different domains.

Unit 1: Introduction to Artificial Intelligence (6 Lectures): Definition and scope of AI; Historical overview and key milestones; Differentiating AI from human intelligence

Unit 2: AI Subfields and Technologies (6 Lectures): Machine learning: Supervised, unsupervised, and reinforcement learning; Deep learning and neural networks; Natural language processing (NLP) and computer vision

Unit3:ApplicationsofAI(8 Lectures): AI in healthcare: Diagnosis, treatment, and medical imaging; AI in finance: Fraud detection, algorithmic trading, and risk assessment; AI in transportation: Autonomous vehicles and traffic optimization; AI in customer service and chatbots; AI in education: Personalized learning and intelligent tutoring systems

Unit 4: Ethical and Social Implications of AI (5 Lectures): Bias and fairness in AI systems; Privacy and data protection concerns; Impact of AI on employment and the workforce; AI and social inequality.

Semester3

BBAA301CC3 Fundamentals of Financial Accounting Credits-4 Marks-100 Course Objective: To familiarize students with the basics of accounting, mechanics of preparationoffinancial statements and role of Accounting Standards in accounting discipline.

CourseContents

Unit-1

Introduction to Financial Accounting: Accounting as an Information System. Importance, Scope, and Limitations. Users of Accounting Information. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The Accounting Equation. Nature of Accounts and Rules of Debit and Credit. Recording Transactions in General Journal. An overview of Subsidiary books—

PurchaseBook,PurchaseReturnsBook,Sales Book, and Sales Returns Book. Opening and Closing Entries. Preparation of Ledger Accounts. Preparation of Trial Balance. Adjustment Entries. Post-adjusted Trial Balance. Unit-2

Preparation of Trading Account, - Profit & Loss Account and - Balance Sheet

.Accountingcyclefromjournaltobalancesheetanditscontinuityovertheyears. Unit-3

Understanding Accounting Standards issued by the ICAI related to Disclosure of Accounting Policies, Depreciation Accounting, and Revenue Recognition. Methods of charging Depreciation – Straight-line Method, and Written-down-value Method. Inventory valuation (LIFO, weighted Avg. Cost) Revenue recognition.

Unit-4

Introduction to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and Ind AS. IFRS – Concept and need .Ind AS – Convergence, benefits and applicability to different class of entities . Conceptual Framework (theoretical part only) Readings:

1.S.N.Maheshwari,SuneelK.Maheshwari,andSharadK.

Maheshwari:AnIntroductiontoAccountancy,VikasPublishingHousePvt.Ltd.

- 2. R.Narayanaswamy, Financial Accounting: A Managerial Perspective, PHILearningPvt.Ltd.
- 3. Charles T. Horngren, Gart L. Sundem, John A. Elliott, and Donna R. Philbrick, Introduction to Financial Accounting, Pearson.
- 4. J.R. Monga, Financial Accounting: Concepts and Applications, Mayur Paperbacks.
- 5. T.P.Ghosh, Financial Accounting for Managers: Taxmann Allied Services Pvt. Ltd.

BBAA302CC4CostAccountingCredits-4

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (3 Th+1TU): 100 marks

Course Objective: To understand the fundamental concepts, objectives, and principles of cost accounting, including cost classification, cost units, and cost centers. To develop an understanding of material cost management, including purchasing procedures, storage techniques, inventory control methods, and pricing strategies. To familiarize students with labour cost management, covering payroll procedures, wage payment systems, incentive schemes, and labour turnover calculations. To explain the classification, allocation, and absorption of overhead costs, ensuring accurate cost determination and decision-making. To equip students with practical knowledge of various costing methods and techniques for effective managerial planning, control, and decision-making.

Unit1 INTRODUCTION

Definition of Costing, Objectives of Cost Accounting; Installing a Cost Accounting System, Essentials of a good Cost Accounting System. Cost concepts, terms and classification of costs: Cost, Cost object, Cost units and Cost Centres, Types of costs, classification of costs- Direct-Indirect, Element-wise, Function wise, Behaviour-wise, Sunk Cost, opportunity Cost, Incremental and Differential cost. Costing Methods and Techniques (introduction only).

Unit2MaterialCostsPurchaseofmaterials:,purchaseprocedure,documentation,determinatio nofmaterialpurchasecosts.Storageofmaterials:Needforstorage, location and types, functions of a storekeeper, requisition, receipt, issue and transfer of materials, storage record, accounting for materials cost. Materials control: Organization; Tools:Just-in-TimePurchase;variousstocklevels,EconomicOrderingQuantityand ABC

Analysis;

Periodic Inventory, Perpetual Inventory, Physical verification; Discrepancies in stock and their treatment. Methods of Pricing Material Issues: FIFO,LIFO, and Weighted Average. Treatment of Normal and Abnormal Loss of Materials Unit-3

Labour cost: Attendance and payroll procedures (Time-keeping, Time-Booking, Payroll procedure, Payment of wages-Piece rate, differential piece rate, time rate); Idle time (causes and treatment in Cost Accounting), Overtime (its effect and treatment in Cost Accounting), Labour turnover (Causes, impact and methods of calculating labour turnover). Main Principles for sound system of wage incentive schemes, labourutilisation; System of Wage Payment and Incentives(Halsey, Halsey-weir, Rowan and Efficiency based); Group Bonus scheme (simple). System of Incentive Schemesfor Indirect Workers; Component of wages cost for costing purpose Unit4

Overhead: Definition, Classification of Overhead- Functional and Behavioural. Manufacturing Overheads: Allocation and apportionment of Overhead; Absorption of Overhead: Blanket and Departmental rate; various methods of absorption and their applications; Under absorption/over absorption of overheads and their treatment. Administration and Selling & Distribution Overheads and their charging.

SuggestedReadings

- •Horngren,Foster,Datar,etal.,CostAccounting,-AManagerialEmphasis,Pearson
- •B.Banerjee,CostAccounting:TheoryandPractice,PHI
- •Drury, Colin., Management and Cost Accounting, Cengage
- $\bullet Jawahar Lal \& Seema Srivastava, Cost Accounting, TMH$
- •M.Y.Khan&P.K.Jain,ManagementAccounting,TMH
- •Atkinson, Management Accounting, Pearson
- •Bhattacharyya, Ashish K., Cost Accounting for Business Manageres, Elsevier
- •RaviMKishore,CostandmanagementAccounting,Taxmann Mitra,
- J.K., Cost & Management Accounting, Oxford

Hanif, M., Cost & Management Accounting, McGraw Hill Bhattacharya Debarshi, Cost & Management Accounting I, Law Point

BBAA303M3BankingTheoriesand Practices Credits-4 Marks-100

COURSEOBJECTIVE:

The course will help students to understand: To acquire knowledge of working of Indian Banking system. The impact of government policy and regulations on the banking industry.

- UNIT-1: INTRODUCTION: Origin and Growth of Banking in India Unit Vs Branch Banking Functions of Commercial Banks Nationalization of Commercial Banks in India Emerging Trends in Commercial Banking in India: E-Banking Mobile Banking
- Core Banking Bank Assurance OMBUDSMAN. UNIT-2: RESERVE BANK OF INDIA: RBI Constitution Organizational Structure Management Objectives Functions Monetary Policy.
- UNIT-3: TYPES OF BANKS: District Co-Operative Central Banks Contemporary Banks Regional Rural Banks National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) SIDBI Development Banks.
- UNIT-4: NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS: Descriptions and their Special Features Duties and Responsibilities of Paying and Collecting Banker Circumstances under whichaBankercanrefusePaymentofCheques-ConsequencesofWrongfulDishonors
- Precautions to be taken while Advancing Loans Against Securities Goods Documents of Title to Goods Loans against Real Estate -Insurance Policies Against Collateral Securities Banking Receipts. Loans against Equitable Mortgage Legal Mortgage Distinction between them Latest Trends in Deposit Mobilization.

READINGS: 1. Banking Theory & Practices: Dr. P.K. Srivatsava, Himalaya Publishers

- 2. Banking Theory & Practices: K.E. Shekar, Vikas Publications
- 3. Bankingtheory&Practices:SanthiVedula,HPH.
- 4. Banking Theory & Practices: Dr. J. Jayanthi, PBP.
- 5. Banking Theory, Law & Practices: R. RPaul, Kalyani Publishers
- 6. Money Banking and Financial Markets: Averbach, Rabort. D, MacMillan. Landon
- 7. Banking: N.T. Somashekar, New Age International Publishers

INDIA'SDIVERSITYANDBUSINESS BBAA304MD3

Credits-3 Marks-75

SemesterendExamination(Credit2Th1Tu):75marks

Course Objective: The objective of the paper is to understand the bases of India's diversity and its linkages with the people, livelihood, occupational diversity and socioeconomic challenges. Further, it aims at understanding the diversity and its implications for the business.

Unit 1 Recognizing, Accommodating and valuing diversity. Challenges and dilemmas posed by diversity and drive for homogenization; Sources of dilemma and tension—immigration, competition for limited resources; Regional bases of India's diversity: regional approach to understanding diversity in terms of India's topography, drainage, soil, climate, natural vegetation, rural and urban settlements. Social diversity in India: Peopling, demography, languages, castes, ethnicity, religions, sects, family, kinship and social institutions; socio-cultural regions

Unit 2 People, Livelihood and Occupational Diversity. Traditional livelihoods and their nature - agriculture, crafts, industry and services; Region, occupation and employment Unit3LinkagesbetweenDiversityandIndia'sSocio-economicchallenges.Regional variationsintermsofgeographicandsocio-economicfactors-trendsandemerging options; Food insecurity, economic inequalities and poverty, environmental degradation and sustainable development;

Unit 4 Diversity and Business. Indian Consumers and marketing; Rural and Urban context. Diversity, manufacturing, industry and services; Diversity and Innovation; Workforce diversity and management.

References:

- 1. Bhatt, B. L(1980)-" India and Indian Regions: A Critical Overview" in David E. Sopher 'An Exploration of India- Geographical Perspectives on Society and Culture'. Cornell. Pages- 35-61 for Socio cultural regions.
- 2. BillAitken, Sevensacredrivers, Penguin Books, 1992
- 3. BoseNK(1969) UnityinIndianDiversityinDesaiAR(1969)
- 4. Rural Sociology in India, reprinted 2009, Popular Prakashan, (for diversity as strength Part II chap 3 pp 134-136)
- 5. Chakravarti AK (2004) Regional Preferences for Food: Some Aspects of Food Habit Patterns InIndiain Grover N and KN Singh (eds) 2004, Cultural Geography: Form and Process, Concept Publishers, Delhi (for regional specificity of food -Chap 23 pp 355 to 375)
- 6.Gadgil and Guha Ecology and Equity: The use and abuse of nature in contemporary India. Penguin 1995
- 7. GailRobinsonandKathleenDechant,Buildingabusinesscasefordiversity,Academy of Management Executive 1997, Vol 11, No. 3
- 8. Kaul, Vijay Kumar, 'Innovation Revolution: HarnessingIndia's Diversity' Yojana, November 2014, also available at SSRN, http://ssrn.com/abstract=2517855
- 9. Kaul, Vijay Kumar, INDIA'S DIVERSITY AND GLOBALISATION: UNIFYING FORCES AND

INNOVATION, Working paperinSocialSciences

ResearchNetwork(SSRN) ,June 2014http://ssrn.com/abstract=2444668

- 10. Kaul, Vijay Kumar, INDIA'S DIVERSITY: FROM CONFLICT TO INNOVATION,
- Working paper in SocialSciences Research Network(SSRN) ,June 2014 http://ssrn.com/abstract=2444099
- 11. Kaul, Vijay Kumar, Managing Diversity, in Business Organisation and Management, chapter 35, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 12. NehruJ(1946)TheDiscoveryofIndia,OUP,chaps4-8
- 13. Sopher, D.E-"The Geographical Patterning of Culture of India" in David E. Sopher 'An Exploration of India- Geographical Perspectives on Society and Culture'. Cornell, Pages-289-326.
- 14. Thomas Kochan, KaterinaBezrukova, Robin Ely, et el, The EFFECTS OF DIVERSITY ON BUSINESS PERFORMANCE: REPORT OF THE DIVERSITYRESEARCH NETWORK, Human

ResourceManagement,Spring2003,Vol42,No.1.pp3-21

5. MIL-1BBAA305AEC3

(CommonforallUGprogrammes)

Credits -2 Marks-50

6. ACCOUNTINGSOFTWAREBBAA306SEC3Credits-4Marks-100

SemesterendExamination:4PTotal100marks

Course Objective: Familiarise students with an Accounting Software

Unit 1: Basic Concepts - Creating, Altering and Deleting Company, Group & Ledgercreation, creation of opening Balance Sheet

Unit2. Inventory – Creation of Stock Items, Stock Group, Stock Category, Units of Measurement, Godown, Transfer of materials across Godown, Manufacturing Voucher (BillofMaterials), Accounting voucher, inventory voucher, memorandum voucher,

invoicing.

Unit-3. Order Processing – Purchase Order Processing, Sales Order Processing, Purchase Bill and Sales Invoice Creation, Bank Reconciliation, Tax implementation – GST (Interstate & Intrastate), GST Reports, TDS,

Unit-4. Payroll Accounting, Stock Analysis and Reports, Financial Reports (Trial Balance, Profit & Loss, Balance Sheet), Backup and Restore, Security Control Setup

Or

5. **STATISTICALSOFTWAREBBAA306SEC3**Credits-4 Marks-100

SemesterendExamination4P:Total100marks

Course Objective: familiarize students with a statistical package for data analysis related to the Statistics and Market Research papers and which will also help in the Research Project. Any user friendly statistical package depending on resources available at each institution can be used. For example SPSS, PSPP (open source)/ or any other equivalent. Some of the statistical analysis functions are also available in add in tools in Excel.

Coursecontents:

- 1.Introduction- Data Entry, Storing and Retrieving Files, Statistics Menus, Generating New Variables
- 2. RunningStatisticalProcedures—dataentryandinterpretationoftheoutputDescriptive Statistics

□T-tests

 $\label{lem:convex} \Box Chi\text{-}SquaretestOnewayAnovaCorrelation}$

□LinearregressionincludingmultipleregressionClusteranalysis

□ Discriminant Analysis

□ Factoranalysis/PrincipalComponents Analysis

Semester-4

1. FINANCIALMANAGEMENTBBAA401CC5.

Credits-4Marks-100

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (3 Th+1TU): 100 marks

Course Objective: To acquaint students with the techniques of financial management and their applications for business decision making.

Course Content:

UnitI

Nature of Financial Management: Finance and related disciplines; Scope of Financial Management; Profit Maximization, Wealth Maximization - Traditional and Modern Approach; Functions of finance – Finance Decision, Investment Decision, Dividend Decision; Objectives of Financial Management; Organisation of finance function; C0oncept of Time Value of Money, present value, future value, and annuity; Risk & Return: Historical return, expected return, absolute return, holding period return, annualized return, arithmetic & geometric return; Risk - Systematic & unsystematic risk (Concept)

Unit2

Long-terminvestmentdecisions: Capital Budgeting-Principles and Techniques; Nature

and meaning of capital budgeting; Estimation of relevant cash flows and terminal value; Evaluation techniques - Accounting Rate of Return, Net Present Value, Internal Rate of Return & MIRR, Net Terminal Value, Profitably Index Method. Concept and Measurement of Cost of Capital:Explicit and Implicit costs; Measurement of cost of capital; Cost of debt; Cost of perpetual debt; Cost of Equity Share; Cost of Preference Share; Cost of Retained Earning; Computation of over-all cost of capital based on Historical and Market weights.

Unit3.

Capital Structures: Approaches to Capital Structure Theories - Net Income approach, Net Operating Income approach, Modigliani- Miller (MM) approach, Traditional approach, Capital Structure and Financial Distress, Trade-Off Theory. Dividend Policy Decision - Dividend and Capital; The irrelevance of dividends: General, MMhypothesis; Relevance of dividends: Walter's model, Gordon's model; Leverage Analysis: Operating and Financial Leverage; EBIT -EPS analysis; Combined leverage.

Unit4

Working Capital Management: Management of Cash - Preparation of Cash Budgets (Receipts and Payment Method only); Cash management technique, Receivables Management - Objectives; Credit Policy, Cash Discount, Debtors Outstanding and AgeingAnalysis;Costs-CollectionCost,CapitalCost,DefaultCost,DelinquencyCost, Inventory Management (Very Briefly) - ABC Analysis; Minimum Level; Maximum Level; Reorder Level; Safety Stock; EOQ, Determination of Working Capital. Readings

- 1M.Y.Khan&P.K.Jain:FinancialManagementTextProblemandCases,TataMcGraw Hill Pubilshlng Co. Ltd.
- 2.R.P. Rustogi: Financial Management: Theory Concepts and Practices, Tax mann Publication.
- 3.I.M.Pandey:FinancialManagement:TheoryandPractices,VikasPublishingHouse
- 4.R.A.Brealey, S.C.Myers, F.Allen & P.Mohanty: Principles of Corporate Finance, McGraw Hill Higher Education
- 5.J.V.Horne&J.M.Wachowicz:FundamentalsofFinancialManagementPrentice

HumanResourceManagementBBAA402CC6Credits-4Marks-100

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (3 Th+1TU): 100 marks

Course Objective: The objective of this course is to help the students to develop an understanding of the concept &techniques of essential functions of human resource management. The course will use and focus on Indian experiences, approaches and cases.

Course Contents

Unit1

Human Resource Management: Concept, Functions, roles, Knowledge, Skill, Ability & Competencies, HRD-definition, goals and challenges. The changing environment of HRM –globalization, cultural environment, technological advances, workforce diversity, corporate downsizing, changing skill requirement, Work life balance, HR role instrategy formulation & gaining competitive advantage.

Unit2

Human Resource Planning: Process, Forecasting demand & supply, Human Resource Information System(HRIS)succession planning. Job analysis— Uses, methods, Jobdescription & Job specifications. HR accounting and Human Resource Development(HRD) audit concept. Recruitment, Selection&Orientation:internal&externalsources,erecruitment,selectionprocess,orientation process.

Unit3

Training: Concept, Needs, Systematic approach to training, Methods of training. Management development: Concept & Methods. Performance management system: concept, uses of performance appraisal, performance management methods, factors that distort appraisal, appraisal interview .Career planning: career anchors, career life stages. Compensation: Steps of determining compensation, job evaluation, components of pay structure, factors influencing compensation levels, wage differentials & incentives, profit sharing, gain sharing, employees' stock option plans. Brief introduction of social security, health, retirement & other benefits.

Unit4 IndustrialRelations:IntroductiontoIndustrialRelations,Tradeunionsrole,types, functions, problems, industrial dispute- concept, causes & machinery for settlement of disputes- grievance,concepts,causes&grievanceredressalmachinery,discipline-concept, aspect of discipline & disciplinary procedure, Collective bargaining-concept,types,process,problems,essentialsofeffectivecollectivebargainingwelfare.

Readings:

- 3.DeCenzo,D.A.&Robbins:FundamentalsofHumanResourceManagement,NewYork:John Wiley& Sons.
- 4.Dessler, G: Human Resource Management, Pearson.
- 5.Monappa&Saiyaddin:PersonnelManagement,TataMcGrawHill.
- 6.Rao, V.S.P.:HumanResourceManagement-TextandCases, ExcelBooks.
- 5.R. WayneMondy&RoberM. Noe: HumanResourceManagement, Pearson.
- 6.K.Aswathapa:
- 7. biswajitPattanayak:
- 8.S.S.Khanka

3. ProductionandOperationsManagement.BBAA403CC7

Credits-4 Marks-100

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (3 Th+1TU): 100 marks

Course Objective: To understand the production and operation function and familiarize students with the technique for planning and control.

CourseContents:

Unit1 Introduction to Production & **Operations** anagement :Definition, need, responsibilities, key decisions of OM, goods vs. services. Operations as a key functional area in an organization. Operation Strategies- Definition, relevance, strategy formulation process, order qualifying and order winning attribute Maintenance Management: Need of maintenance management, equipment life cycle (Bath tub measures for maintenance performance MTTRandavailability).Leanproduction:Definitionofleanproduction,leanDemandPulllogic ,wasteinoperations,elementsthataddresseliminationofwaste,2cardkanban Production Control system.

Unit2

Forecasting-Definition,types,qualitative(grassroots,marketresearchandDelphi method) and quantitative approach (simple moving average method, weighted

movingaverageandsingleexponentialsmoothingmethod), forecasterror, MAD. Scheduling: Operation scheduling, goals of short term scheduling, job sequencing (FCFS, SPT, EDD, LPT, CR) & Johnson's rule on two machines, Gant charts.

Unit3

Process Selection: Definition, Characteristics that influence the choice of alternative processes (volume and variety), type of processes-job shop, batch, mass and continuous, product-process design Matrix and Services design matrix, technology issues in

processdesign,flexiblemanufacturingsystems(FMS),computerintegratedmanufacturing(CI M).LayoutDecision:Layoutplanning–Benefitsofgoodlayout,importance, differenttypesoflayouts(Process,Product,GrouptechnologyandFixedposition layout).AssemblylinebalancingbyusingLOTrule;LocationDecisions&Models: FacilityLocation–

Objective, factors that influence location decision, location evaluation methods-factor rating method. Capacity Planning: Definition, measures of capacity (input and output), types of planning over time horizon. Decision trees analysis Unit4

Aggregate Planning: Definition, nature, strategies of aggregate planning, methods of aggregate planning (level plan, chase plan and mixed plan, keeping in mind demand, workforce and average inventory), Statistical Quality control: Variations in process(common & assignable causes), Control charts: Variable measures (mean and range chart), Attribute measures (proportion of defects and no.of defects) using control tables Elementary Queuing Theory: Poisson- Exponential Single Server Model with Infinite Population.(question based on M/M/1.

Readings:

- 1. Mahadevan B, Operations Management Theory & Practice, PearsonEducation2. Heizer Jay and Render Barry, Production & Operations Management, PearsonEducation
- 3.Chase R B, Aquilano N J , Jacobs F R and Agarwal N, Production & Operations Management Manufacturing and Services, TataMcGrawHill
- 4.S.P.Gupta, Statistical methods, Sultan Chand& Sons.
- 5. Adam, E. Eand Ebert, Production & operations Management, Prentice Hallof India, New Delhi
- 6.S.N. Chary, Production & operations management— Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi7.Buffa E S, &Sarin R K, Modern Production / Operations Management (8th edition)JohnWiley,1994
- 8. Gaither and Frazier, Operations Management, Thomson South-Western 9. Operations Research, P.K. Gupta, Man Mohan, Kanti Swarup, Sultan Chand 10. Operations Research, V.K. Kapoor. Sultan Chand & Sons

4. MarketingManagementBBAA404CC8Credits-4Marks-100

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (3 Th+1TU): 100 marks

Course Objective: This course aims to familiarize students with the marketing function in organizations. It will equip the students with understanding of the Marketing Mix elements and sensitize them to certain emerging is sues in Marketing. The course will use and focus on Indian experiences, approaches and cases

Course Contents:

Unit1:

Introduction:Nature,ScopeandImportanceofMarketing,EvolutionofMarketing;Core marketing concepts; Company orientation - Production concept, Product concept,Selling concept, Marketing concept, Holistic marketing concept. Marketing Environment: Demo graphic, economic, political, legal, socio cultural, technological environment (Indian context); Portfolio approach – Boston Consultative Group (BCG) matrix

Segmentation, Targeting and Positioning: Levels of Market Segmentation, Basis for Segmenting Consumer Markets, Difference between Segmentation, Targeting and Positioning;

Unit3:

Product & Pricing Decisions: Concept of Product Life Cycle (PLC), PLC marketing strategies, Product Classification, Product LineDecision, Product Mix Decision, Branding Decisions, Packaging & Labelling, New Product Development. Pricing Decisions: Determinants of Price, Pricing Methods (Non-mathematical treatment), Adapting Price (Geographical Pricing, Promotional Pricing and Differential Pricing).

Promotion Mix: Factors determining promotion mix, Promotional Tools – basics of Advertisement, Sales Promotion, Public Relations &

PublicityandPersonal Selling; Place(MarketingChannels):Channel functions,Channel Levels,TypesofIntermediaries:TypesofRetailers,TypesofWholesalers.Marketingof Services-UniqueCharacteristicsofServices,Marketingstrategiesforservicefirms7Ps. Readings:

- 1. Kotler, P. & Keller, K.L.: Marketing Management, Pearson.
- 2. Kotler, P., Armstrong, G., Agnihotri, P.Y., & UlHaq, E.: Principles of Marketing: A South Asian Perspective, Pearson.
- 3. Ramaswamy, V.S. & Namakumari, S.: Marketing Management: Global Perspective-Indian Context, Macmillan Publishers India Limited.
- 4. Zikmund, W.G. & D'Amico, M.: Marketing, Ohio: South-Western College Publishing.

5. Global Business Environment BBAA 405M4

Credits-4Marks-100

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (3 Th+1TU): 100 marks

Course Objective:

The course aims to equip students with a comprehensive understanding of the global business environment, focusing on the role and impact of Multinational Enterprises (MNEs) and Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in shaping international economic relations. It seeks to assess the significance of foreign investments and comprehend the structure and functioning of organizations such as the WTO, IMF, IBRD, SAARC, and the EU.

Unit-I

Introduction : Global Environment -Characteristics and Components Strategies for India going global Multinational Enterprises(MNE) - Benefits to host and home country Demerits of MNE

Unit-II

International Investment - Factors effecting foreign Investment Growth of foreign investment - Significance of foreign investment Foreign Investment in India

Unit-III

World Trade Organisation General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT) - Concept World Trade Organization (WTO)- Functions, Principles, Organizational Structure The WTO Agreements - A Bird's eye view Salient feature of Uruguay Round Agreement Dispute Settlement Mechanism, Ministerial Conferences

Unit-IV

International Economic Organisations Introduction, Objectives, Organisational Structure and Functions of following organisation – International Monetary Fund (IMF) International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC) European Union (EU)

- 1. Francis Chrunilam-International business Environment
- 2. RChandran-International business Environment
- 3. Francis Chrunilam-Business Environment
- 4. Ahswathappa K Business Environment
- 5. Ahswathappa K Business Environment
- 6. RDaft and KPM Sundaram- Indian Economy
- 7. ANAgrawal- Indian Economy
- 8. DMMithani-Money, Banking, International Tradeand Finance K Subbarao International Business, Himalaya Publication

MIL-2bbaa406aec4 (CommonforallUGprogrammes)

Credits -2 Marks-50

BBA5thSemSyllebusunderCCF(NEP)

1. **BBAA501CC9 Quantitative Techniques in Management 100 Core 4**SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (3 Th+ 1TU): 100 marks

Course Objective: To acquaint students with the construction of mathematical models for managerial decision situations and to use computer software packages to obtain a solution wherever applicable. The emphasis is on understanding the concepts, formulation and interpretation.

Coursecontents: Unit1: Linear Programming: Formulation of L.P. Problems, Graphical Solutions (Special cases: Multiple optimal solution, in-feasibility, unbounded solution); Simplex Methods (Special cases: Multiple optimal solution, infeasibility, degeneracy, unbounded solution) Big-M method and Two-phase method; Duality and Sensitivity (emphasis on formulation & economic interpretation); Formulation of Integer programming, Zero-one programming, Goal Programming. Unit2: Elementary Transportation: Formulation of Transport Problem, Solution by N.W. Corner Rule, Least Cost method, Vogel's Approximation Method (VAM), Modified Distribution Method. (Special cases: Multiple Solutions, Maximization case, Unbalanced case, prohibited routes) Elementary Assignment: Hungarian Method, (Special cases: Multiple Solutions, Maximization case, Unbalanced case, Restrictions on assignment.)

Unit3:NetworkAnalysis:ConstructionoftheNetworkdiagram,CriticalPath-float and slack analysis (Total float, free float, independent float), PERT, Project Time

Crashing

Unit4:DecisionTheory:PayoffTable,OpportunityLossTable,ExpectedMonetary Value, Expected Opportunity Loss, Expected Value of Perfect Information and Sample Information Markov Chains: Predicting Future Market Shares, Equilibrium Conditions(Questions based on Markov analysis) Limiting probabilities, Chapman Kolmogrov equation. Introduction to Game Theory: Pay off Matrix- Two person ZeroSum game, Pure strategy, Saddle point; Dominance Rule, Mixed strategy, Reductionofmxngameandsolutionof2x2,2xs,andrx2casesbyGraphicaland Algebraic methods; Introduction to Simulation: Monte Carlo Simulation Readings:1.N.D.Vohra:QuantitativeManagement,TataMcGrawHill

- 2. P.K.Gupta, Man Mohan, Kanti Swarup: Operations Research, Sultan Chand.
- 3. V.K.Kapoor:OperationsResearch,SultanChand&Sons.
- 4. J.K.Sharma:OperationsResearchTheory&Applications,MacmillanIndia Limited

2. Macro Economics (as perCSR69/24) 100Core4 BBAA502CC10

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (3 Th+1TU): 100 marks

Course Objective: This course deals with the principles of Macroeconomics. The coverage includes determination of and linkages between major economic variables; level of output and prices, inflation, interest rates and exchange rates. The course is designed to study the impact of monetary and fiscal policy on the aggregate behavior of individuals.

Unit1:Measurementofmacroeconomicvariables:NationalIncomeAccounts, Gross Domestic Product, National Income, Personal and Personal disposable income; Classical theory of income and employment: Quantity Theory of Money – Cambridge version, Classical aggregate demand curve, Classical theory of interest rate, effect of fiscal and monetary policy.

Unit2:KeynesiantheoryofIncomeandemployment:SimpleKeynesianmodel, components of aggregate demand, equilibrium income, changes in equilibrium, multiplier (investment, Government expenditure, lump sum tax, foreign trade), effect of fiscal and monetary policy, crowding out, composition of output, and policy mix, policy mix in action; ISLM model: properties of ISLM curves, factors affecting the position and slope of ISLM curves, determination of equilibrium income and interest rates, effect of monetary and fiscal policy, relative effectiveness of monetary and fiscal policy.

Unit3:Money:functionsofmoney,quantitytheoryofmoney,determinationof money supply and demand, H theory of money multiplier, indicators and instruments of monetary control;

Inflation:meaning,demandandsupplysidefactors,consequencesofinflation, antiinflationary policies, natural rate theory, monetary policy-output and inflation, Phillips curve (short run and long run)

Unit 4: Open Economy: brief introduction to BoP account, market for foreign exchange and exchange rate, monetary and fiscal pol icy in open economy, MundellFlemingmodel(perfectcapitalmobilityandimperfectcapitalmobility under fixed and flexible exchange rate). Systems of exchange rates fixedadjusted pegflexible. Role of monetary authority in these cases. Readings:

☐ Froyen, R.P. (2011): Macroeconomics-theories and policies (8thed.). Pearson:

□ DornbuschandFischer(2010).Macroeconomics(9thed.).TataMcGrawHill
□ NGregoryMankiw(2010).Macroeconomics(7thed.).WorthPublishers
□ OlivierBlanchard, Macroeconomics (2009). (5thed.) Pearson Or
Micro Economic (as per CSR 9/23) BBAA502 CC10 Credits -4 Marks-100 SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75marksTutorial(Credit1):25marksTotal (3 Th+1TU): 100 marks
CourseObjective: The purpose of this course is to apply microeconomic concepts and
techniques in evaluating business decisions taken by firms. The emphasis is on
explaining how tools of standard price theory can be employed to formulate a
decision problem, evaluate alternative courses of action and finally choose among
alternatives. Simple geometry and basic concepts of mathematics will be used in the course
of teaching.
Course Contents
Unit1:Demand,SupplyandMarketequilibrium:individualdemand,
marketdemand,individualsupply,marketsupply,marketequilibrium;Elasticity'sof
demand and supply: Price elasticity of demand, income elasticity of demand, cross
price elasticity of demand, elasticity of supply;
Unit 2: Theory of consumer behavior : cardinal utility theory, ordinal utility
theory(indifferencecurves,budgetline,consumerchoice,priceeffect,substitution effect,
income effect for normal, inferior and Giffen goods), revealed preference theory.
Unit3:TheoryofProductionandCost:FactorofProduction,Conceptoftotalproduct,
average product, and Marginal product, Law of Variable proportion, Law of Variable
proportion, Concepts of Isoquant and Isocost. Factor market: demand for a factor by a
firm under marginal productivity theory (perfect competition in the product market,
monopoly in the product market), market demand for a factor, supply of labour,
market supply of labour, factor market equilibrium. Theory of cost (short run and long
run, geometry of cost curves, envelope curves), modern theory of cost (short run and
long run), economies of scale, economies of scope.
Unit 4: Theory of firm and market organization : perfect competition (basic features,
shortrunequilibriumoffirm/industry,longrunequilibriumoffirm/industry,effectof
changes in demand, cost and imposition of taxes); monopoly (basic features, short
run equilibrium, long run equilibrium, effect of changes in demand, cost and
impositionoftaxes, comparison with perfect competition, welfare cost of monopoly), price
discrimination, Multiplan monopoly; monopolistic competition (basic features,
demand and cost, short run equilibrium, long run equilibrium, excess capacity),
oligopoly (Carnot's model, kinked demand curve model, dominant price leadership
model, prisoner's dilemma).
Readings:
□ DominickSalvatore(2009).PrinciplesofMicroeconomics(5thed.)Oxford
University Press
☐ LipseyandChrystal.(2008).Economics.(11thed.)OxfordUniversityPress

□ MarkHershey, Managerial Economics
 3. Corporate Accounting 100 Core 4BBAA 503 CC11F

Semesterend Examination (Credit 3): 75 marks Tutorial (Credit 1): 25 marks Total

Koutosyannis (1979). Modern Micro Economics. Palgrave Macmillan ☐ Pindyck,RubinfeldandMehta.(2009).MicroEconomics.(7thed.). Pearson.

((3Th+1TU):100 marks

CourseObjective: Understandthefundamentalconceptsofcorporateaccounting, Analyze and apply accounting treatments for the issue, forfeiture, and reissue of shares and debentures, including pro-rata allotment, procedures related to the underwriting of shares and debentures. Prepare corporate final accounts in compliance with Schedule IIIoftheCompaniesAct,includingtaxprovisions,reservetransfers,anddividend distribution. Compute the valuation of goodwill, share.

Unit-I:Accounting for Shares & debenture • Issue of Shares – issue, forfeiture, reissue, issue other than in cash consideration and issue to the promoters; Pro-rata issue of shares. Issue of debentures. Sweat equity. • Right and Bonus Share – Rules, Accounting • Underwriting of shares and debentures: Rules; Determination of UnderwritersLiability—withmarked,unmarked&firmunderwriting; Accounting. • Employee Stock Option Plan – meaning; rules; Vesting Period; Exercise Period. AccountingforESOP.MeaningandAccountingofESPS.

Unit-II:Buy back and Redemption - • Buy Back of Securities – meaning, rules and Accounting.•RedemptionofPreferenceShares—RulesandAccounting(withand without Bonus Shares) • Redemption of Debenture – Important Provisions,

AccountingforRedemption:byconversion,bylot,bypurchaseintheopenmarket (cum and ex-interest), held as Investment and Use of Sinking Fund.

Unit-III:Company Final Accounts • Introduction to Schedule III; Treatment of Tax; transfertoreserve, Dividend (outofcurrent profit, outofpastreserve). • Preparation of Statement of Profit & Loss and Balance Sheet. (tax on net profit without recognizing deferred tax).

Unit-IV:Valuation • Goodwill – valuation using different methods,i.e., Average Profit,SuperProfit,CapitalisationandAnnuity.•Shares—Valuationusingdifferent methods: Asset approach, Earnings approach, Dividend Yield, Earnings-Price, Cumdiv and Ex-div, Majority and Minority view and Fair Value. SuggestedReading:

- Sukla, Grewal, Gupta: Advanced Accountancy Vol. II, S Chand
- R.L.Gupta&Radheswamy, Advanced Accountancy Vol. II, S. Chand
- Maheshwari&Maheshwari,AdvancedAccountancyVol.II,VikashPublishing
- Sehgal&Sehgal,AdvancedAccountancyVol.III,TaxmanPublication
- Hanif&Mukherjee,CorporateAccounting,TMH
- FrankWood, Business Accounting VolII, Pearson
- V.K.Goyal, Corprate Accounting, Excel Books
- AccountingStandardsissuedbyICAI OR

Strategic Marketing and IMC (Integrated Marketing Communications)

Code: BBAA503CC11M, Credits: 4,

3TH+1TU 100 Marks

Course Objectives: Upon completion of this course, students will be able to: Understand the key concepts and frameworks of strategic marketing. Analyze market opportunities and develop effective marketing strategies. Segment markets, target specific customer groups, and position products/services effectively. Formulate and implement integrated marketing communication campaigns. Evaluate the effectiveness of strategic marketing and IMC initiatives.

Course Content: This course provides a comprehensive understanding of strategic marketing principles, focusing on how organizations develop and implement marketing strategies to achieve competitive advantage. It integrates the concept of Integrated Marketing Communications (IMC), emphasizing a unified approach to all promotional activities to deliver a consistent brand message.

Unit 1: Introduction to Strategic Marketing. Definition of Strategic Marketing. Role in Business Success. Marketing Process and the Marketing Mix (4Ps/7Ps). Strategic Planning Process: Vision, Mission, Goals, Objectives. Environmental Analysis: PESTEL, SWOT Analysis. Competitive Analysis: Porter's Five Forces,

Competitor Profiling.

Unit 2: Market Analysis and Strategy Formulation. Customer Analysis: Consumer Behavior, Customer Lifetime Value. Market Segmentation: Bases for Segmentation, Targeting Strategies (Undifferentiated, Differentiated, Concentrated, Micromarketing).

Positioning Strategies: Value Proposition, Perceptual Mapping. Developing Competitive Advantage.

Unit 3: Strategic Marketing Mix Decisions. Product Strategy: Product Life Cycle, New Product Development, Branding Strategies. Pricing Strategy: Pricing Objectives, Pricing Methods, Dynamic Pricing. Distribution Strategy: Channel Design, Channel Management, Supply Chain Integration. Marketing Research and Information Systems.

Unit 4: Integrated Marketing Communications (IMC). Introduction to IMC: Definition, Importance, Benefits. The Communication Process Model. Elements of the Promotion Mix: Advertising, Sales Promotion, Public Relations, Personal Selling, Direct Marketing, Digital Marketing. Developing an IMC Plan: Setting Objectives, Budgeting, Message Strategy, Media Strategy. Implementing and Evaluating Strategic Marketing & IMC. Marketing Organization and Control. Marketing Metrics and Performance Measurement (ROI, Brand Equity, etc.). Ethical and Social Responsibilities in Strategic Marketing and IMC. Case Studies and Industry Best Practices.

Suggested Readings:

Kotler, P., Keller, K. L., & Chernev, A. (Latest Edition). Marketing Management. Pearson Education.

Percy, L. (Latest Edition). Strategic Integrated Marketing Communications. Routledge.

Belch, G. E., & Belch, M. A. (Latest Edition). Advertising and Promotion: An Integrated Marketing Communications Perspective. McGraw-Hill Education.

Or

Strategic HRM (Human Resource Management)

Code:BBAA503CC11H Credits: 4 3TH+1TU 100 Marks

Course Objectives: This course provides a strategic perspective on human resource management, emphasizing how HR practices can be aligned with organizational goals and contribute to competitive advantage. It moves beyond traditional HR functions to focus on the strategic role of HR in organizational success.

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to: Understand the strategic role of HR in contemporary organizations. Analyze the external and internal factors influencing HR strategy. Develop HR strategies aligned with overall business strategy. Formulate and implement strategic HR initiatives in various functional areas. Evaluate the effectiveness of strategic HRM practices.

Unit 1: Introduction to Strategic HRM. Evolution of HRM: From Personnel Management to Strategic HRM. Definition and Scope of Strategic HRM. Importance of Strategic HRM in Achieving Organizational Goals. Models of Strategic HRM (e.g., Harvard Framework, Guest Model). Role of HR Professionals as Strategic Partners.

Unit 2: Environmental Scan and HR Strategy Formulation. Environmental Influences on HRM: PESTEL Analysis, Global Trends. Internal Factors: Organizational Culture, Structure, Technology. Aligning HR Strategy with Business Strategy (e.g., Cost Leadership, Differentiation). HR Metrics and Analytics for Strategic Decision Making.

Unit 3: Strategic HR Functions. Strategic Human Resource Planning: Forecasting HR Demand and Supply, Succession Planning, Workforce Planning. Strategic Recruitment and Selection: Attracting and Selecting Talent for Strategic Roles, Employer Branding. Strategic Training and Development: Learning Organizations, Competency Mapping, Talent Development Initiatives. Strategic Performance Management: Goal Alignment, Performance Appraisals, Feedback Systems, Performance Culture.

Unit 4: Strategic HRM and Future Trends. Measuring the Effectiveness of HR Strategies: HR Scorecard, Future Trends in Strategic HRM: Gig Economy, AI in HR, Agile HR. Case Studies in Strategic HRM.

Suggested Readings:

Armstrong, M., & Taylor, S. (Latest Edition). Armstrong's Handbook of Human Resource Management Practice. Kogan Page.

Bohlander, G. W., & Snell, S. A. (Latest Edition). Managing Human Resources. Cengage Learning. Ulrich, D., Younger, J., & Brockbank, W. (Latest Edition). The HR Value Proposition. Harvard Business Review Press.

4. AuditandAssurance100Core4BBAA504CC12F

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75MarksTutorialExaminations(Credit1):25 MarksTotal(3 Th+1 TU):100 Marks.

Course Objective: Understand the fundamental concepts of audit and assurance and differences from investigation. Learn the principles governing audits, theindependence of auditors, and statutory provisions protecting auditors. Develop knowledge of audit strategies, including audit planning, documentation, evidence collection, and techniques. Gain expertise in vouching, verification, and valuation of assetsandliabilities, along with the audito fincome statement and balance sheet items. Comprehend the roles, rights, duties, and liabilities of company auditors, as well as the preparation of audit reports and certificates in compliance with statutory requirements.

CourseContent:UnitI:•Audit:Definition,DifferencebetweenAuditandAssurance, nature, scope and objectives of independent Financial Audit, Limitation of audit, Difference between Audit and Investigation. • Audit Principles: Basic Principles governing an audit, Independence of auditor, Statutory provisions to protect auditor's independence. • Errors and Fraud - Concepts, means of doing fraud, window dressing of Balance Sheet, Auditor's Responsibility towards detection & prevention of fraud. • Classification of Audit- Organisation structure wise (Statutory, Non-statutory); Objective wise (Internal and Independent Financial Audit); Periodicity wise (Periodical, Continuous, Interim, Final); Technique wise (Balance sheet, Standard, Systems, EDP).

Unit-II: Audit Strategy: Audit Engagement, Audit Planning, Audit Programme. • Audit Documentation: Audit Working Paper, Ownership and custody of Working Papers, Audit file (Permanent and Current), Audit Note Book and Audit Memorandum. • Audit Evidence: Concept, need, procedures to obtain Audit Evidence. • Audit Techniques & Procedure: Test Checking, Auditing in Depth and Cut-offchecking, Analytical Procedure & Substantive Testin Auditing, Concept of Materiality.

Unit-III: Vouching: Meaning, Objectives, Difference with Routing Checking, Factorsto be considered while vouching. • Verification: Concept, Objectives, Importance, Difference with Vouching. • Valuation of Assets and Liabilities: Meaning, Importance, Difference with Verification. • Audit of some Items of Income Statement (AssertionsrelatingtoIncomeStatement:a)Occurrenceb)Completenessc)Cutoffd) Measuremente)Presentation&Disclosure)i)Receipts:Sales,collectionfromdebtors, Interest and dividend income, Sale of Fixed Assets. Ii) Payments: Purchases, Payment to Creditors, Employee Benefit Expenses, Insurance, Research and Development Expenditure, Prepaid Expenses. • Audit of Items of Balance Sheet (Assertions relating to Balance Sheet: a) Existence b) Completeness c) Cut off d) Valuation e) Rights & Obligation f) Presentation & Disclosure) i) Non-Current Assets: Plant and Machinery, Leasehold land, Goodwill, Patent & copy Right ii) Investments iii) CurrentAssets:Inventory,LoanandAdvance,TradeReceivables(SundryDebtors), Cash at Bank iv) Non-current Liability: Secured loan (Debentures) v) Current Liability:

Trade Payables (Sundry Creditors). • Audit of Educational Institution, Hospital, Hotels

Unit-IV:CompanyAuditor:Qualification,Disqualification,AppointmentandRotation, Removal and Resignation, Remuneration, Rights, Duties & Liabilities, Restriction to render services other than audit [Sec (144)]. Provisions of Companies Act regarding declaration and payment of dividend (including unpaid dividend). Audit Report and Certificate-Meaning & Importance: Definition, Distinction between Report and Certificate, Different types of Audit Report. • Contents of Audit Report: As per Companies Act and Standards on Auditing. • True and Fair View: Concept and Guiding Factors.

SuggestedReadings

- Tandonetal, Practical Auditing, S. Chand
- Gupta&Arora,FundamentalsofAuditing,TMH
- Jha, A., Auditing, Taxmann
- Basu, S.K., Auditing and Assurance, Pearson
- Ghosh, J., Contemporary Auditing and Assurance, Elegant Publishing
- GuhaRay,S.,&Ghose,S.,Auditing&AssuranceforStudents,Law Point
- Majumdar, Ayan., Auditing & Assurance, Tee Dee Publications
- $\bullet \ Standards on Audit (SA) is sued by the Institute of Chartered Account ants of India$

OR

Green Marketing and Sustainable Branding

Code: BBAA504CC12 M, Credits: 4 3TH+1TU 100 Marks

Course Objectives: This course explores the emerging field of green marketing and its critical role in sustainable business practices. It explore into how organizations can develop and market environmentally friendly products and services while building strong, sustainable brands that resonate with econ-conscious consumers.

Learning Objectives: Upon completion of this course, students will be able to: Understand the concepts of green marketing, sustainability, and corporate social responsibility (CSR). Identify the drivers and challenges of green marketing. Develop green marketing strategies for products, pricing, promotion, and distribution. Build and manage sustainable brands. Analyze ethical considerations and greenwashing in marketing.

Unit 1: Introduction to Green Marketing and Sustainability. Concepts of Sustainability, Environmentalism, and Green Marketing. Drivers for Green Marketing: Consumer Demand, Regulations, Corporate Image. The Triple Bottom Line (People, Planet, Profit). Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and its link to Green Marketing.

Unit 2: Green Consumer Behavior and Market Segmentation. Understanding the Green Consumer: Values, Attitudes, Purchase Behavior. Segmentation of Green Markets. Consumer Perceptions of Green Products and Brands.

Unit 3: Green Marketing Mix Strategies. Green Product Strategies: Eco-design, Life Cycle Assessment (LCA), Green Product Development, Certification and Labeling. Green Pricing Strategies: Value-based pricing, Premium pricing for sustainable products. Green Promotion Strategies: Eco-labeling, Environmental Advertising, Public Relations, Digital Marketing for Green Initiatives. Green Place/Distribution Strategies: Green Supply Chain Management, Reverse Logistics, Sustainable Retailing.

Unit 4: Sustainable Branding. What is a Sustainable Brand? Characteristics and Benefits. Building a Sustainable Brand Identity and Image. Communicating Sustainability Authentically. Brand Storytelling for Green Brands. Measuring and Managing Sustainable Brand Equity. Challenges, Ethics, and Future of Green Marketing. Greenwashing: Identification, Consequences, and Prevention. Regulatory Frameworks and Policies related to Green Marketing. Ethical Dilemmas in Green Marketing. Future Trends in Green Marketing and Sustainability.

Case Studies of Successful and Unsuccessful Green Marketing Initiatives.

Suggested Readings:

Pride, W. M., & Ferrell, O. C. (Latest Edition). Marketing. Cengage Learning. (Look for chapters specifically on Green Marketing/Sustainability)

Grant, J. (Latest Edition). The Green Marketing Manifesto. John Wiley & Sons.

Ottman, J. (Latest Edition). The New Rules of Green Marketing: Strategies, Tools, and Inspiration for Sustainable Brand Building. Berrett-Koehler Publishers.

OR

HR Accounting and Audit

Code: BBAA504CC12 H, Credits: 4 3TH+1TU 100 Marks

Course Description: This course introduces students to the concepts and techniques of human resource accounting (HRA) and HR audit. It focuses on valuing human assets, measuring the financial impact of HR programs, and systematically evaluating the effectiveness of HR functions to ensure compliance and strategic alignment.

Learning Objectives: Upon completion of this course, students will be able to: Understand the significance of human resource accounting in modern organizations. Apply various models and methods for valuing human assets. Analyze the financial implications of HR policies and programs. Conduct an HR audit to assess the efficiency and effectiveness of HR functions. Identify areas for improvement in HR practices based on audit findings.

Unit 1: Introduction to Human Resource Accounting (HRA). Concept and Evolution of HRA. Objectives and Benefits of HRA. Limitations and Challenges of HRA. Human Capital vs. Human Resources. Role of HRA in Decision Making.

Unit 2: Methods of Human Resource Valuation. Cost-Based Approaches: Acquisition Cost, Replacement Cost, Opportunity Cost. Developing an HRA Statement.

Unit: 3 HR Accounting for Specific HR Functions. Accounting for Recruitment and Selection Costs. Accounting for Training and Development Investments. Accounting for Employee Turnover Costs. Accounting for Employee Benefits and Compensation.

Unit 4: Introduction to HR Audit. Concept, Objectives, and Scope of HR Audit. Benefits of Conducting an HR Audit. Types of HR Audits (Compliance, Strategic, Functional). The HR Audit Process: Planning, Data Collection, Analysis, Reporting. Conducting an HR Audit and Reporting. Key Areas of HR Audit: Recruitment, Selection, Training, Performance Management, Compensation, Employee Relations, Legal Compliance. Tools and Techniques for HR Audit (Checklists, Questionnaires, Interviews, Data Analysis). Developing an HR Audit Report.

Suggested Readings:

Dhar, U., & Dhar, S. N. (Latest Edition). Human Resource Accounting. Excel Books.

Flamholtz, E. G. (Latest Edition). Human Resource Accounting: Advances in Concepts, Methods and Applications. Kluwer Academic Publishers.

Goyal, A., & Agarwal, P. (Latest Edition). Human Resource Accounting and Audit. University Science Press.

5. ResearchMethodology-I 100Minor4BBAA504M5

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75MarksTutorialExaminations(Credit1):25 MarksTotal(3 Th+1 TU):100 Marks.

Course Objective: To provide an exposure to the students pertaining to the nature and extent of research orientation, which they are expected to possess when they enter the industry as practitioners. To give them an understanding of the basic techniques and tools of business research

Course Content: Unit 1: Nature and Scope ofResearch—Meaning, objectives and Importance of research in decision making. Applications ofResearch; The Research process—Steps in the research process; the research proposal;

ProblemFormulation:ManagementdecisionproblemVs.Research problem.

Unit-2 :ResearchDesign:Exploratory,Descriptive,Causal.SecondaryDataResearch: Advantages & Disadvantages of Secondary Data,

SecondarysourcesofdatainIndian Context.

Unit 3: Primary Data Collection: Survey Vs. Observations. Comparison of self administered, telephone, mail, emails techniques. Qualitative Research Tools: Depth Interviews focus groups and projection techniques; Measurement & Scaling: Primary scales of Measurement-Nominal, Ordinal, Interval & Ratio. Scaling techniques-paired comparison, rank order, constant sum, semantic differential, itemized ratings, Likert Scale; Questionnaire-form & design.

Unit 4: Sampling Theory: Sampling techniques, determination of sample size; different types of sampling, Parameter, Statistic, Standard Error of sample mean, sample proportion, Difference of sample mean and sample proportion, Sampling distribution. Simple problem. Estimation: point and interval estimation; Criteria of a goodestimator; Methodsof Point Estimation—The Method of Maximum Likelihood and The Method of Moments; Interval Estimates — Interval estimates and confidence intervals; confidence level and confidence interval; Calculating interval estimates of the mean and proportion from large samples.

Readings:1.Zikmund,Babin&Carr:BusinessResearchMethods,South-Western.

- 2. Cooper&Schindler:BusinessResearchMethodsMcGraw-Hill Education,
- 3. Churchill:MarketingResearch:MethodologicalFoundations,Cengage Learning.
- 4. Aaker, Kumar, Day-Marketing Research. Wiley.
- 4. NareshMalhotra-MarketingResearch, Pearson.

7. JointVentures, Margers & Acquisitions - Minor 4BBAA 506M6 Credits - 4 Marks - 100

SemesterendExamination(Credit3):75MarksTutorialExaminations(Credit1):25 MarksTotal(3 Th+1 TU):100 Marks.

CourseObjective: This course is designed to provide an understanding of the essential elements of Joint Ventures, Mergers and Acquisitions with the basic methods of valuation, post-merger valuation, methods of payment and financing options at global level.

CourseContents: Unit1JointVentures: Concept&MeaningofJointVentures, Need&TypesofJointVentures, Structures&ProblemsfacedinJointVentures,

JointVenturesandStrategicAlliance.Somerelevantcasestudyofsuccessfuland failed joined ventures.

Unit 2. Mergers and Acquisitions: Introduction to mergers, types of mergers, theories of mergers & acquisitions; Cross-border mergers and acquisitions, issues andchallengesincrossborderM&A.Handlingcross-cultureandtaxationsissuesin cross-border M&A. Analysis of Post-Merger Performance. Demerger, types of demerger, reverse merger, buyback of shares, leverage buy-out strategy, merger strategy - growth, synergy, operating synergy, financial synergy, diversification.

Takeoveranditstypes,takeoverstrategy,takeoverbids,legalframeworkfor mergers

Unit3.DealValuationandEvaluation:Factorsaffectingvaluationbasics,methods of valuation, cash flow approaches, economic value added (EVA), sensitivity analysis, valuationundertakeoverregulation, valuation for slumpsale, cost-benefit analysis and swap ratio determination.

Unit 4 Post-Merger Evaluation: Financial Evaluation of Mergers & Acquisitions, Impact on shareholders' Wealth; Methods of payment and financing options in mergers & acquisitions, financing decision, Merger, Acquisition and Competition law2002, SEBI (Securities & Exchange Board of India) Takeover Code 2011 and criteria for negotiating friendly takeover.

 $Readings 1. We ston, Fred; Chung, Kwang S. \& Siu, Jon A.: Take overs, \\Restructuring and Corporate Governance, (2nded.). Pears on Education$

and acquisitions, leverages and buyouts.

- $2. \ Gupta, Manju (2010): Contemporary Issues in Mergers and Acquisitions. \\ Himalaya \ Publishing$
- 3. .Sundarsanam(2006);CreatingValuefromMergersandAcquisitions,(1sted.) Pearson Education
- 4. Ramanujan.S.(1999);Mergers:TheNewDimensionsforCorporate Restructuring, McGraw Hill
- 5. Narayankar,Ravi,(2013):MergerandAcquisitionsCorporateRestructuring, Strategy and Practices, (2nd ed.). International Book House Pvt. Ltd

BBA6thSemSyllabusunderCCF (NEP)

BBAA601CC13	Core	LegalAspectsofBusiness	3TH+1TU
BBAA602CC14F/ M/H	Core	Management Accounting /Sales and Distribution Management/ Labour Economics	3TH+1TU
BBAA603CC15F/ M/H	Core	TaxPlanning/ Industrial Marketing/Talent Management and Employer Branding	3TH+1TU
BBAA604M7	Minor	HumanRightsandPractices	3TH+1TU
BBAA605M8	Minor	DigitalBusiness	3TH+1TU
BBAA606SI		Summer Internship* (Internal and external from colleges only)	3PR

BBAA601CC13LegalAspectofBusiness3TH+1TU100Marks

Objective: is to familiarize students with the fundamental legal principles and frameworks that govern the functioning of business entities in India. A comprehensive understanding of contractual obligations and rights under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, including general and specific contracts. Practical knowledge of commercial laws related to the sale of goods, partnerships, and Limited Liability Partnerships, enabling students to handle real-world businesstransactionslawfully. Anappreciation of the legal protections available to consumers under the Consumer Protection Act, 2019, along with procedures for redressal of grievances. The ability to analyze legal situations, interpret statutory provisions, and apply legal reasoning in the context of business operations and decision-making.

Unit I: The Indian Contract Act, 1872: Lecture Hours - 20 A. General principles of contract 18 Contract – meaning, characteristics and types, Essentials of a valid contract- offer and acceptance, consideration, capacity of parties, consent, legality of object, Void and Voidable agreements -definition , types/elements and rules, Discharge of a contract – modes of discharge, breach and remedies against breach of contract, Contingent contracts and quasi contracts - definition and features B. Specific Contract Contract of Indemnity and Guarantee, Contract of Bailment, Contract of Agency - definition, features and types

Unit II: The Sale of Goods Act, 1930 Lecture Hours - 10 Contract of sale, meaning and difference between sale and agreement to sell, Conditions and warranties, Transfer of ownership in goods including sale by a non-owner, Performance of contract of sale, Caveat Emptor (concept only), Unpaid seller – meaning, rights of an unpaid seller against the goods and the buyer.

Unit III: A. The Partnership Act, 1932 Lecture Hours - 15 Partner- definition, rights and types. partnership -definition, features and types, Registration- concept and procedure, Dissolution of firm- concept and procedure B.The Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 Meaning and Features of LLP, Advantages and Disadvantages of LLP, Procedure to Form LLP

Unit IV: Consumer Protection Act, 2019 Lecture Hours - 10 Objective and features of the Act, Definition: complainant, complaint, consumer, consumer dispute, goods and services, unfair trade practices, Consumer protection councils- composition, objective and jurisdiction. Suggested Readings

- KumarRavindra, Legal Aspects of Business, Cengage
- Tulsian&Tulsian,BusinessLaws,S.Chand
- KapoorN.D., Business Laws, Sultan Chand
- DasS.K.&RoyP.,BusinessRegulatoryFramework,OUP

- GulsanS.S., Business Laws, Excel Books
- $\hbox{$\bullet$ Roychowdhury,} Bhattacharjee \& Datta, Business Regulatory Framework,} Elegant Publications$
- Bhadra, Satpatiand Mitra, Ainer Ruprekha (Bengali Version), Dishari
- Nabi, Legal Aspects of Business, Taxmann

BBAA602CC14Core **Management Accounting** 3TH+1TUMarks-100

Objective: Toacquaintstudents with role of Management Accounting in planning,

control and decision-making.Learn to compute and interpret composite and cash break-even points, and understand the role of keyfactors indecision making. To develop budgeting skills and understand budgetary control. To apply standard costing and variance analysis in performance evaluation. Introduce advanced costing approaches such as target costing, life cycle costing, quality costing, and activity-based costing to enhance cost management strategies.

CourseContents:

Unit1

Nature, Scope of Management Accounting: Meaning, definition, nature and scope of ManagementAccounting;ComparisonofManagementAccountingwithCostAccounting and Financial Accounting.

Unit2

Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis: Contribution, Profit-Volume Ratio, Margin of safety, Cost Break-even Point, Composite Break-even Point, Cash Break-even Point, Key Factor, Break-even Analysis. Relevant Costs and Decision Making: Pricing, Product Profitability, Make or Buy.

Unit3

Budgets and Budgetary Control:Meaning, Types of Budgets, Steps in Budgetary Control, Fixed and Flexible Budgeting, Cash Budget. Responsibility Accounting: Concept, Significance, Different responsibility centers, Divisional performance – Financial measures, Transfer pricing (concept, simple sums).

Unit4

Standard Costing and Variance Analysis: Meaning of Standard Cost and Standard Cost

Costing, Advantages, Limitations and Applications; Material, Labor variance. Introduction to Target Costing, Life Cycle Costing, Quality Costing, and Activity based Costing. Readings:

- 1.C.T.Horngren,GaryL.Sundem,JeffO.Schatzberg,andDaveBurgstahler: Introduction to Management Accounting, Pearson
- 2.M.N.Arora:ATextbookofCostandManagementAccounting,VikasPublishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 3.M.Y.Khan,andP.K.Jain,ManagementAccounting:TextProblemsandCases, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 4.S.N.Maheshwari,andS.N.Mittal,CostAccounting:TheoryandProblems,Shree Mahavir Book Depot (Publishers)

OR

Sales and Distribution Management

Code: BBAA602CC14M. Credits: 4 3TH+1TU 100 Marks

Course Objectives: This course provides a comprehensive understanding of the principles and practices of sales and distribution management. It covers the strategic and operational aspects of managing sales forces, designing effective distribution channels, and optimizing the flow of goods and services to the end consumer.

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to: Understand the importance of sales and

distribution in achieving marketing objectives. Design and manage effective sales organizations. Recruit, train, motivate, and compensate sales personnel. Develop and manage efficient distribution channels. Apply various sales techniques and strategies. Evaluate sales force and channel performance.

Unit 1: Introduction to Sales Management. Role and Importance of Sales Management. Relationship between Sales, Marketing, and Overall Business Strategy.

Types of Selling Roles and Sales Careers. Ethical and Legal Aspects in Sales.

Module 2: Sales Force Organization and Planning. Designing the Sales Organization: Structure, Specialization. Sales Forecasting Methods and Quota Setting. Sales Territories: Design and Allocation. Sales Budgeting. Sales Force Staffing and Development. Recruiting and Selecting Sales Personnel. Training and Development of Sales Force. Motivation of Sales Force: Theories and Techniques. Compensation and Incentives for Sales Personnel.

Unit 3: Sales Operations and Performance Evaluation. Personal Selling Process: Prospecting, Pre-approach, Approach, Presentation, Handling Objections, Closing, Follow-up. Sales Technology and CRM (Customer Relationship Management). Sales Performance Evaluation: Metrics, Sales Audits. Sales Leadership and Coaching.

Unit 4: Distribution Management. Nature and Importance of Marketing Channels. Channel Functions and Flows. Designing Marketing Channels: Channel Levels, Channel Strategy. Channel Management: Selection, Motivation, Conflict Resolution.

Logistics and Supply Chain Management: Warehousing, Inventory Management, Transportation. Retailing and Wholesaling.

Suggested Readings:

Spiro, R. L., Rich, G. A., & Stanton, W. J. (Latest Edition). Management of a Sales Force. McGraw-Hill Education.

Johnston, M. W., & Marshall, G. W. (Latest Edition). Sales Force Management. Routledge.

Rosenbloom, B. (Latest Edition). Marketing Channels: A Management View. Cengage Learning.

OR

Labour Economics

Code: BBAA602CC14 H, Credits: 4 3TH+1TU 100 Marks

Course Objectives: This course applies economic principles to the study of labor markets. It examines the dynamics of labor supply and demand, wage determination, employment patterns, labor market institutions, and the impact of government policies on labor outcomes.

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to: Understand the fundamental concepts of labor economics. Analyze the forces determining labor demand and supply. Explain wage determination and the role of human capital. Assess the impact of labor market imperfections and discrimination. Evaluate the economic effects of labor unions and government policies on labor markets.

- Unit 1: Introduction to Labor Economics. Definition and Scope of Labor Economics. The Labor Market: Concepts and Characteristics. Key Actors in the Labor Market: Workers, Firms, Government. Economic Theories Relevant to Labor Markets (e.g., Neoclassical, Institutional). Labor Supply and Demand. Labor Supply: Individual Labor Supply Decision, Income and Substitution Effects, Factors Affecting Labor Supply. Labor Demand: Short-Run and Long-Run Demand for Labor, Marginal Productivity Theory. Market Equilibrium: Wage and Employment Determination.
- Unit 2: Wage Determination and Human Capital. Theories of Wage Determination: Compensating Differentials, Efficiency Wages, Implicit Contracts. Human Capital Theory: Investment in Education, Training, and Health. Returns to Education and Experience. Minimum Wage Laws and their Economic Effects.
- Unit 3: Labor Market Imperfections and Issues. Labor Market Discrimination: Types, Causes, and Economic Consequences. Unemployment: Types (Frictional, Structural, Cyclical), Causes, and

Measurement. Labor Mobility: Geographic, Occupational, and Inter-Firm Mobility. Poverty and Income Inequality in Labor Markets.

Unit 4: Labor Market Institutions and Public Policy. Role of Labor Unions: Collective Bargaining, Impact on Wages and Employment. Government Intervention in Labor Markets: Labor Laws, Social Security, Unemployment Benefits. Impact of Globalization on Labor Markets. Current Trends and Challenges in Labor Economics (e.g., Gig Economy, Automation).

Suggested Readings:

Ehrenberg, R. G., & Smith, R. S. (Latest Edition). Modern Labor Economics: Theory and Public Policy. Routledge.

McConnell, C. R., Brue, S. L., & Macpherson, D. A. (Latest Edition). Contemporary Labor Economics. McGraw-Hill Education.

Borjas, G. J. (Latest Edition). Labor Economics. McGraw-Hill Education.

BBAA603CC15F Core **TaxPlanning**3TH+1TUMarks-100

Objective: The objective of this course is to acquain the students with the tax structure for the contraction of the contract

individuals and corporates and also its implications for planning.

Course Contents:

Unit1

Income tax concepts: Previous Year, Assessment Year, Person, Assessee, Income (including agricultural income), Residential Status and their incidence of tax, Gross Total Income, Total Income; Income which do not form part of total income, Tax Evasion, Tax Avoidance.

Unit2

computation of Income for House Property, Income under the head Salary, Profits and gains from Business or Profession. Capital gains and Income from other sources.

Unit3

Clubbing of Income, Set-off and carry-forward of losses , Deductions from gross totalincome as applicable to an individual and Business Units; Computation of total income and tax liability of an individual and Business Units, Procedure for assessment: E-filing of return, Introduction to the concept of Goods and Services Tax

Unit4

Meaning of Tax Planning and Management; Nature, scope and justification of corporate tax planning; Computation of taxable income and tax liability of companies: Minimum Alternative Tax, Introduction to tax planning with reference to financial decisions. Introduction to tax planning with reference to amalgamation or demerger of companies (only theory).

TextBooks:

- 1. Singhania, V.K. Student Guideto Income Tax. Taxmann Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Ahuja&Gupta.SimplifiedApproachtoCorporateTax.FlairPublicationsPvt.Ltd References:
- 1. Ahuja&Gupta.SimplifiedApproachtoIncomeTaxFlair,PublicationsPvt.Ltd.
- 2. MaheshChandra&Shukla,D.C.IncomeTaxLaw&PracticePragatiPublications.
- 3. Goyal, S.P. Tax Planning and Management. Sahitya Bhawan Publications.
- 4. Singhania, V.K. Student Guideto Income Tax. (Universityed.)

OR

Industrial Marketing (Business-to-Business Marketing)

Code: BBAA603CC15M, Credits: 4 3TH+1TU 100 Marks

Course Objectives: This course focuses on the unique aspects of marketing products and services to other organizations (businesses, governments, and institutions) rather than to individual consumers. It highlights

the differences between business-to-business (B2B) and business-to-consumer (B2C) markets and explores strategies for successful B2B marketing.

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to: Distinguish between industrial (B2B) and consumer (B2C) markets. Understand the characteristics of organizational buying behavior. Develop effective marketing strategies for industrial products and services. Manage relationships with industrial customers. Apply B2B sales and communication strategies.

Unit 1: Introduction to Industrial Marketing. Concept and Scope of Industrial Marketing (B2B Marketing). Differences and Similarities between Industrial and Consumer Marketing. Types of Industrial Markets (Producer, Reseller, Government, Institutional). Characteristics of Industrial Demand (Derived, Inelastic, Fluctuating).

Unit 2 : Organizational Buying Behavior. The Industrial Buying Process: Stages and Influences. Buying Center Concept: Roles and Influence. Factors Influencing Organizational Buying Decisions (Environmental, Organizational, Interpersonal, Individual). Types of Buying Situations (New Task, Straight Rebuy, Modified Rebuy).

Unit 3: Industrial Marketing Strategy. Market Segmentation, Targeting, and Positioning in B2B Markets. Product Strategy for Industrial Goods and Services: Product Life Cycle, Innovation, Service Component. Pricing Strategies in Industrial Markets: Competitive Bidding, Value-Based Pricing. Building and Managing Industrial Brands. Industrial Marketing Channels and Communications. Channels of Distribution for Industrial Products: Direct Sales, Industrial Distributors, Agents. Logistics and Supply Chain Management in B2B. Industrial Marketing Communications: Trade Shows, Direct Marketing, Digital Marketing (LinkedIn, Content Marketing, SEO for B2B). Key Account Management and Relationship Marketing.

Unit 4: Industrial Sales and Strategic Issues. Role of Personal Selling in Industrial Marketing. Managing the Industrial Sales Force. Negotiation in B2B Contexts. Ethics in Industrial Marketing. Global Industrial Marketing. Case Studies in Industrial Marketing.

Suggested Readings:

Dwyer, F. R., & Tanner, J. F. (Latest Edition). Business Marketing: Connecting Strategy, Relationships, and Value. McGraw-Hill Education.

Hutt, M. D., & Speh, T. W. (Latest Edition). Business Marketing Management: B2B. Cengage Learning.

Anderson, J. C., Narus, J. A., &Narayandas, D. (Latest Edition). Business Market Management: Understanding, Creating, and Delivering Value. Pearson Education.

OR

Talent Management and Employer Branding

Code: BBAA603CC15H, Credits: 4 3TH+1TU 100 Marks

Course Objectives: This course provides a comprehensive overview of talent management as a strategic imperative for organizational success. It covers the entire talent life-cycle, from attracting and developing to retaining high-potential employees, with a strong emphasis on building a compelling employer brand.

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to: Understand the concept and importance of talent management. Develop strategies for attracting, developing, and retaining talent. Design and implement effective talent management processes. Understand the principles and practices of employer branding. Measure the impact of talent management and employer branding initiatives.

Unit 1: Introduction to Talent Management. Definition and Evolution of Talent Management. Strategic Importance of Talent Management. Components of Talent Management: Acquisition, Development, Deployment, Retention. Integrating Talent Management with Business Strategy. Challenges in Talent Management.

Unit 2: Talent Acquisition. Strategic Workforce Planning for Talent Acquisition. Talent Sourcing Strategies: Traditional and Digital Channels. Strategic Recruitment and Selection Processes. On-boarding and Assimilation of New Talent. Succession Planning and Internal Mobility.

Unit 3: Talent Development and Engagement. Learning and Development Strategies for Talent. Leadership Development Programs. Career Management and Development.

Performance Management for Talent Development. Employee Engagement Strategies and Surveys. Talent Retention and Assessment. Strategies for Retaining Key Talent: Compensation, Benefits, Work-Life

Balance. Employee Value Proposition (EVP). Talent Reviews and Assessment Centers. Role of Technology in Talent Management (HRIS, ATS, LMS).

Unit 4: Employer Branding. Concept and Importance of Employer Branding. Developing a Strong Employer Brand: Internal and External Perspectives. Components of Employer Branding (Culture, Values, Benefits, Growth Opportunities). Communicating the Employer Brand: Social Media, Career Websites, Employee Advocacy. Measuring the Effectiveness of Employer Branding Initiatives.

Case Studies of Successful Talent Management and Employer Branding.

Suggested Readings:

Cappelli, P. (Latest Edition). Talent on Demand: Managing Talent in an Age of Uncertainty. Harvard Business School Press.

Bersin, J. (Latest Edition). The Talent Management Handbook: Creating Organizational Excellence by Identifying, Developing, and Deploying Your Best People. McGraw-Hill.

Sullivan, J. (Latest Edition). Talent Management Handbook: A Guide for Human Resource Professionals, Trainers, and Managers. ASTD Press.

Hari Kumar P.N & Bindhya M.S—Employer Branding; Abhijeet Publication.

BBAA604M7Minor**HumanRightsandPractices** 3TH+1TUMarks-100

Course Objectives:To introduce students to the fundamental concepts, history, and evolution of human rights. They will understand the constitutional, legal, and institutional frameworks safeguarding human rights in India and globally. To sensitize students to ethical concerns and human rights challenges in organizational and global settings. To develop awareness of gender justice, environmental rights, labour rights, and digital rights.

CourseContent:

Unit I: Introduction to Human RightsConcept, Meaning, and Classification of Human Rights. Evolution of Human Rights: Ancient to Modern Times. Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) – Significance and Principles, Human Rights and Duties – Relationship and Relevance

Unit II: Human Rights in Indian Context: Fundamental Rights and Duties in the Indian Constitution, National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) and State Commissions – Structure and Functions, Role of Judiciary in Protection of Human Rights, Important Legal Provisions and Landmark Judgments related to Human Rights.

Unit III: Human Rights and Business Practices, Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and HumanRights, Ethical Business Practices and HumanRights Compliance, HumanRights in

the Workplace—Labour Rights, Equal Opportunity, Diversity, and Inclusion, Case Studieson Human Rights Violations by Corporates

UnitIV:ContemporaryIssuesandChallenges

Gender Rights and Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Children, LGBTQ+, Differently-abled), Environmental Rights and Sustainability, Human Trafficking, Cyber Crimes, and Digital Rights. Role of Media and Civil Society in Human Rights Awareness SuggestedReadings:

- 1. Bajwa,G.S. &D.K.Bajwa–HumanRightsinIndia:ImplementationandViolations
- 2. Chandoke, Neera & Bhargava, Rajeev Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution
- 3. JagdishSingh-HumanRightsEducation
- 4. ShivaniVerma–HumanRights:AGlobalPerspective
- 5. UNDocumentsonHumanRights–UniversalDeclarationofHumanRights, International Covenants

BBAA605M8Minor**DigitalBusiness**3TH+1TUMarks-100

Objectives: The course aims to introduce students to the fundamental concepts, scope, merits, and limitations of E-Commerce along with related systems like E-CRM, ERP, E-Governance, and Mobile Commerce. It seeks to familiarize learners with various E-Commerce business models. The Students will gain insights into the evolving trends of Social Commerce, Digital Marketing, and advertising through social media.

Coursecontents:

Unit-1: Introduction

DigitalBusiness:Meaning,scope,majorplayers,components,Merits,Demeritsand Importance, basic concept and features of ECRM, ERP, E-governance and Mobile Commerce.

Unit-2:E-commerceBusiness Models

Conceptandfeatures:BusinesstoConsumer(BtoC),BusinesstoBusiness(BtoB), Business to Government (B to G), Consumer to Consumer (C to C), Consumer to Business (C to B). Unit-3:EPaymentSystem

Methods of e-payments [Debit Card, Credit Card, Smart Cards, e-Money], digital signatureand wallet [basic concept and features], payment gateways [Core Banking Solution(CBS),MobilePayment,UPI,NCPI,InternationalPayments],Onlinebanking: meaning, concepts, importance, electronic fund transfer, risks involved in e-payments.

Unit-4:NewTrendsinDigitalBusiness

Social Media: concept, definition, features; Digital Marketing: definition, objectives, methods, limitations, Advertisement in Social Media [only basic idea] SEC [Search Engine Optimization], BAR [Brand Advocacy Ratio], DAR, PPC [Pay Per Click], E-mail Marketing Concept, advantages, Click Through Rate [CTR].

SuggestedReadings

- P.T.Joseph, E-Commerce: An Indian Perspective, PHILearning
- Henry Chan, Raymond Lee, Tharam Dillon, Elizabeth Chang, E-Commerce: Fundamentals and Applications, Wiley.
- Laudon, E-Commerce, Pearson Education India
- Roy,Dey,Bhadra&Satpati,E-Commerce&BusinessCommunications,Elegant Publications
- SchneiderG., E-Business, Cengage
- Bhaskar, B., E-Commerce, McGrawHill